BRIDGING SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

POTHOLE

PROPAGATION, PREVENTION, PATCHING 26th September, 2018

Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering
Brunel University London



This one-day industry focused seminar will address "pothole epidemic", which has affected the UK over recent years. The Pavement and Ground Engineering Research Group (PAGER) at Brunel University has organised this event to examine recent issues relating to potholes, the advancement in research and development on pothole **propagation** and relevant **patching** technology. This seminar will provide a forum for sharing best practice, and presentation from speakers representing the highway authorities, road users, research community and repair contractors, each giving a wide perspective on the work necessary to eradicate the **problem**.







PROGRAMME

09:30	Registration and refreshments
10:00	Welcome and Introduction- Mr Alan Ferguson, President,
	IAT
10.05	Keynote address-Mr Matthew Lugg OBE, President, CIHT
10:20	Road deterioration – Prof Alan Woodside, Brunel
	University
10:35	Pothole frustration – Mr Jack Cousens, Head of Roads
	Policy, AA
11:00	Pothole funding- George Lee, CEO, HTMA
11:25	Refreshment break
11:55	Local authority experience- Mr Mark Stevens, Assistant
	Director Operational Highways, Suffolk Highways
12:20	Pothole formation: tyre-water- pavement interaction-
	Dr Mujib Rahman, Brunel University
12:45	Discussion
13:15	Lunch and Networking
14:30	Science of durable asphalt patch repair - Professor Denis
THE STATE OF THE S	Chamberlain, Brunel University.
15:00	Innovative repair material- Armaphalt, Mr Hayden Davie,
	Jobling Purser
15.15	Innovative repair material – Chip fill-Mr Andrew Price,
	Preformed Markings Ltd.
15.25	Road mole circular repair – Mr Doug Jackson,
Carlot A	Road Mole
15:35	Discussion
16:00	Close

REGISTRATION

Registration fees: ICE/CIHT/IAT member: £135.00, Non-member:£150.00, 2+ delegates: £100 each, Exhibition: £200

Booking: https://webapps.brunel.ac.uk/apps/event/UI/pages/online-

payment.aspx?sysSection=3&event=sDJBBLyuZwk=

Contact: <u>Mujib.rahman@brunel.ac.uk</u>, 07894339752 Location: <u>Darwin, Hamilton Centre, Brunel University London</u>

Direction: By car: Sat Nav UB8 3PH, **By Bus:** U3, U1, U4 and U7 (Uxbridge underground station), U3, U1, 222 (West Drayton railway station), U3, U2 (Heathrow airport) (upon arrival please report at main reception for free on-

campus parking)



www.instituteofasphalt.org



POTHOLE

Propagation, Prevention, Patching

Keynote Address

Matthew Lugg OBE

CIHT President



What I'll Cover

- Information about CIHT
- My presidential theme Highway
- HMEP
- Incentivised Funding Self-Assessment
- Adopting a risk based approach
- The current funding crisis
- The Lugg Review





About Us - Who we Represent

- All modes of transport
- Public & private sectors
- Members from students to Chief Executives
- A Network of over 14,000 members
- 12 UK Regions & Nations
- Over 85 Countries
- Over 100 Corporate Partners















About Us - Stakeholders

CIHT Members - Regions, Panels, Boards and CIHT Council

Employers - Consultants, Contractors, Government, Academia



CIHT Corporate Partners

Engineering Council

Society of Road Safety Auditors (SoRSA)

Motorway Archive Trust

Highways Term Maintenance Association (HTMA)

CIHT act as Secretariat for:

- UK Roads Liaison Group (UKRLG)
- World Road Association (WRA)

Other Professional Institutions











UK ROADS LIAISON GROUP



Professional Qualifications

Engineering

- Chartered Engineer <u>ciht.org.uk/CEng</u>
- Incorporated Engineer <u>ciht.org.uk/IEng</u>
- Engineering Technician <u>ciht.org.uk/EngTech</u>

Transport Planning

Transport Planning Professional – <u>ciht.org.uk/TPP</u>

Road Safety Auditing

 Certificate of Competency (Society of Road Safety Auditors) – ciht.org.uk/SoRSA Chartered Engineer (CEng)

Incorporated Engineer (IEng)

Engineering Technician (EngTech)

Transport
Planning
Professional
(TPP)





Presidential Theme 2018/19-Delivering better services for people

- My whole career both in the public and private sector and focussed on delivering infrastructure and services to local communities
- I recognised the importance of consultation, engagement, communication and listening to help deliver better outcomes
- In the DfT Self Assessment process it was my idea to add the 3 customer focused questions on public satisfaction, communication and customer feedback
- Links to CIHT's first research programme developed following Learned Society Board themes

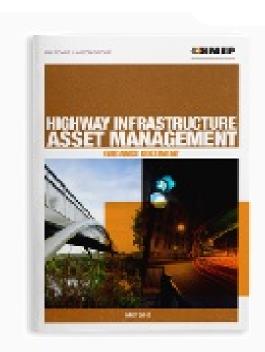


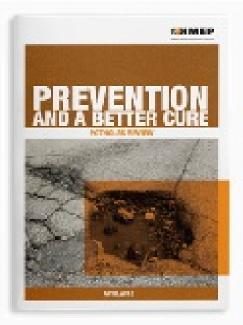


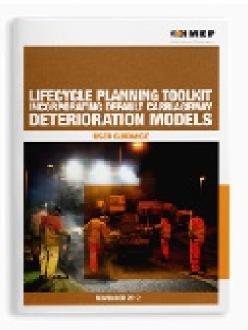


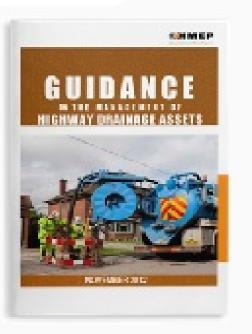
Asset Management

A whole life, asset management approach to road maintenance can provide long term value and efficiency gains.











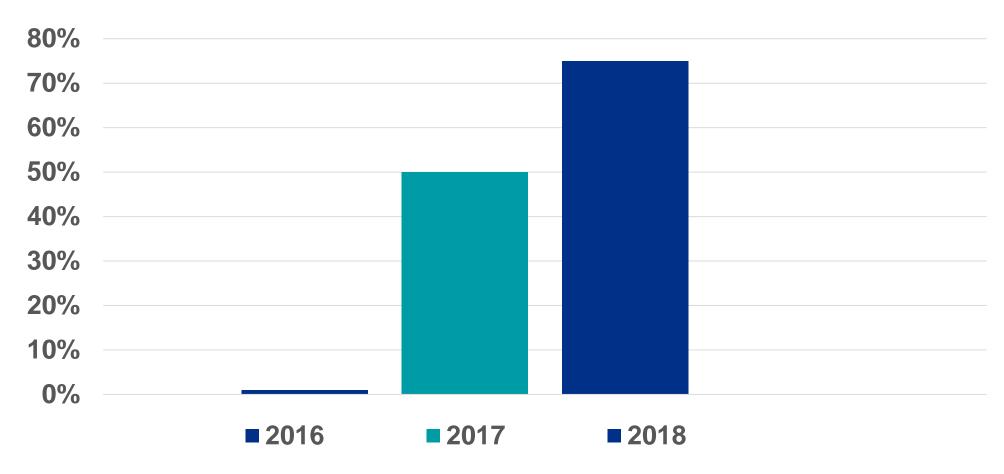
Incentivised Funding

- Between 2016 2021, UK Government will make £6 billion of capital funding available for local highways maintenance
- £578 million of this amount has been set aside to incentivise local authorities to carry out cost effective improvements





Percentage of Local Highway Authorities that have achieved Band 3 Status

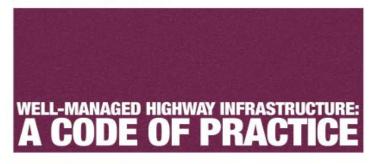




Adopting a Risk Based



UK ROADS LIAISON GROUP







Funding Crisis

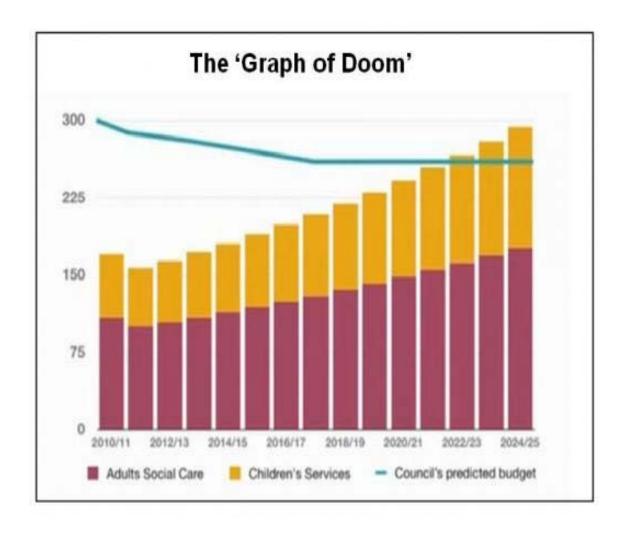
Revenue poor

Ongoing austerity -

'Bankrupt' Northamptonshire county council may cut to legal minimum

Capital rich

Government investment in infrastructure and housing to support economic growth





CIHT Lugg review of local authority highway infrastructure

- What is the condition of local highway infrastructure in England?
- What are the economic and social costs of not maintaining local highway infrastructure?
- Does the current approach to the governance, management and funding of local highway infrastructure need to be improved?
- What are the funding requirements of local highway infrastructure and are current funding streams suitable for the future?
- Is there a role for alternative models for local highway infrastructure maintenance and investment?









10 Reasons to be a Member

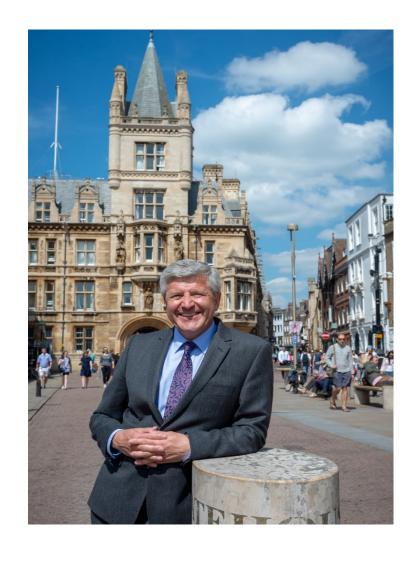
- 1. Qualifications
- 2. Industry Recognition
- 3. Local Regional Support
- 4. Continuing Professional Development (CPD)
- 5. Networking community technical & social events
- 6. Transport Professional Members' Magazine
- 7. Members only on-line area My CIHT
- 8. Best Practice & Technical Excellence
- 9. A voice for the profession
- 10. Represent CIHT

Find out more: <u>ciht.org.uk/WhyJoin</u>





Thank you and any questions?





Road Deterioration

Professor A.R. Woodside OBE MPhil, CEng, FICE, FIEI, FCIHT, FIAT

Brunel University

Introduction

Faults

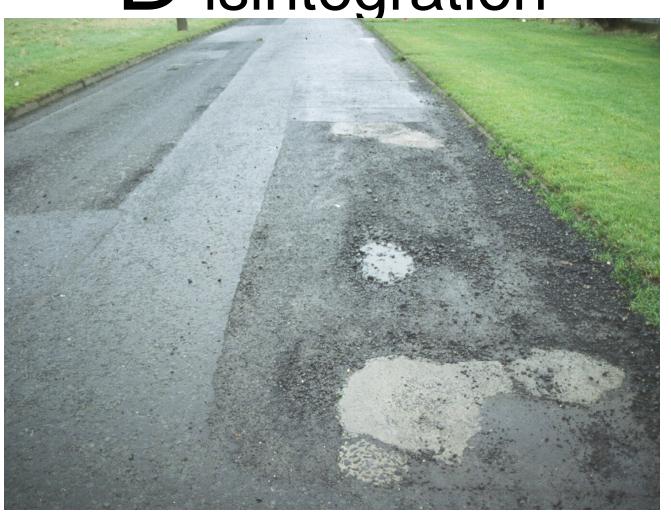
- F ailure in design
- A Iteration in specification
- U nforeseen circumstances
- L imited sampling
- T's ignored
- S lackness in supervision



Failures in bituminous surfacings

- D isintegration
- Instability
- F racture / fatigue
- S kidding resistance loss











- Ravelling
- Pitting
- Spalling
- Pot-holing
- Stripping

- Minimised by high binder contents which thoroughly bind the particles and reduce the rate of weathering of the binder films
- <u>but</u> stability may be reduced













Instability



Instability



Rutting Problems



Instability

- Rutting
- Shoving
- Corrugation
- Deformation
- Flowing

Highway problems - Java









Stability

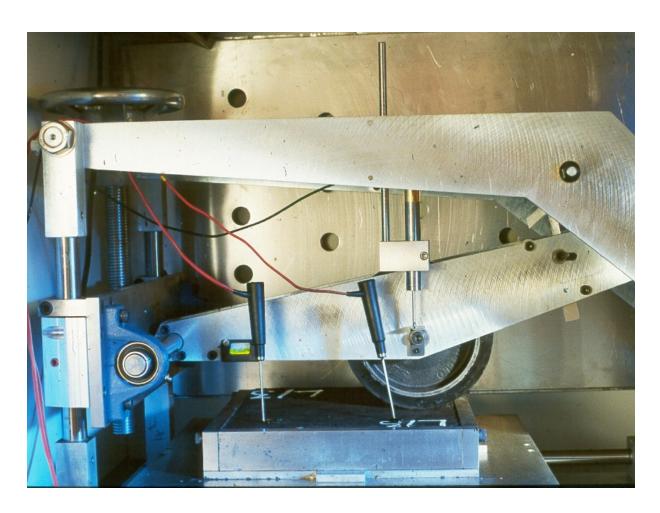
- Depends on:
 - -Inter-particle friction
 - Binder flow characteristics

Wheel track samples





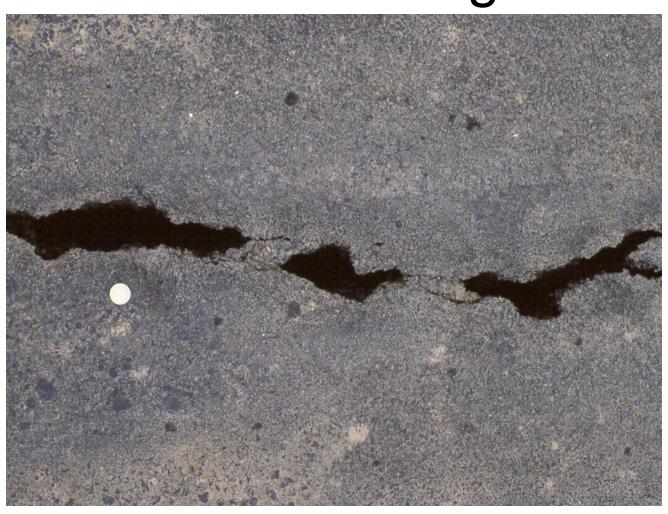
Dry wheel tracking



Fracture

 The resistance of road materials to cracking as a result of repeated loads





Highway problems - Canada







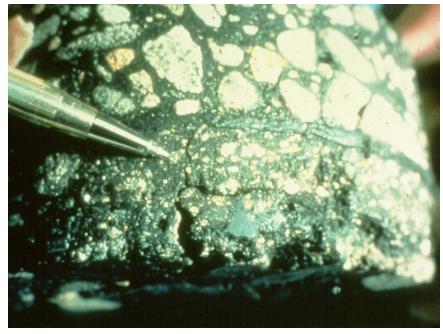


- "Crocodile" cracking
- "Chicken-wire" cracking



Use of fabrics to limit reflective cracking





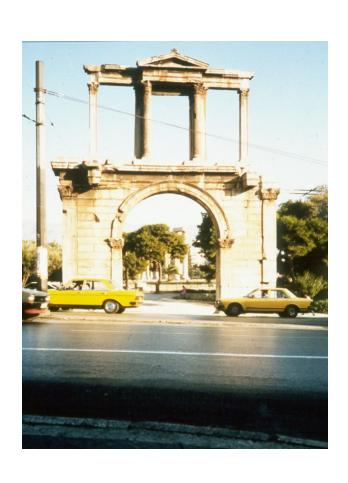


Two main causes of cracking

- Traffic induced stressing
- Thermal stressing



Polishing

















Failures in bituminous surfacings

- D isintegration
- I nstability
- F racture / fatigue
- S kidding resistance loss

Two main Questions

Q 1. What Factors cause "Potholes"? or

What recent changes have "encouraged" the growth of Potholes?

Q 2. What can we do to "inhibit" potholes?

Question 1

Q 1. What Factors cause "Potholes"? or

What recent changes have "encouraged" the growth of Potholes?

Traffic – Armitage Report, 40Tonnes, Super singles

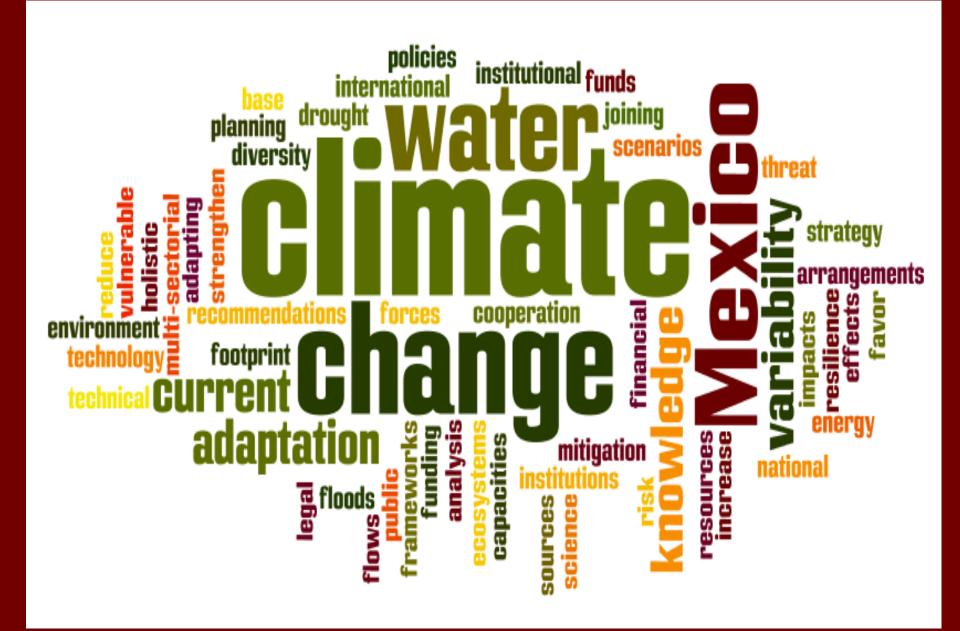
Water - Crossfall / Camber 1 in 40

Low temperatures – climate change

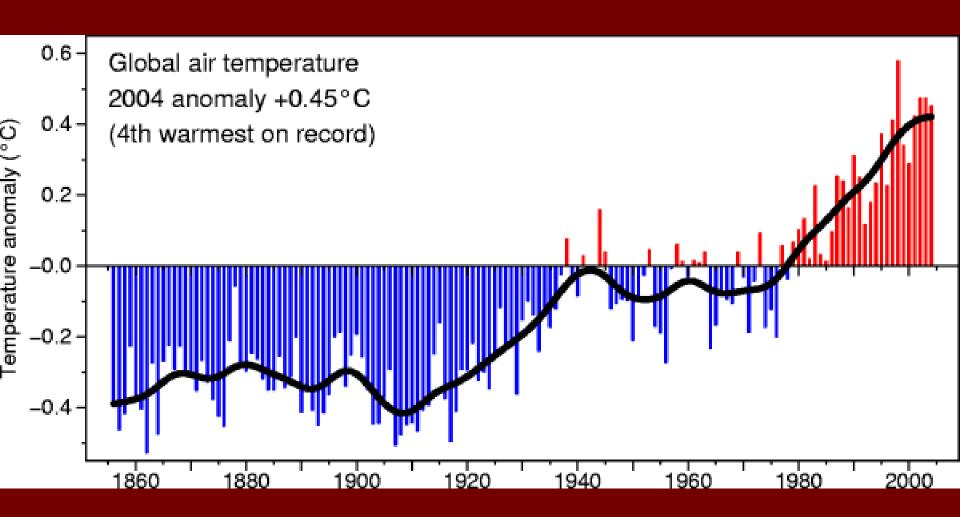
De-icing salts – Na SO4

Poor materials – Binder / aggregate bond

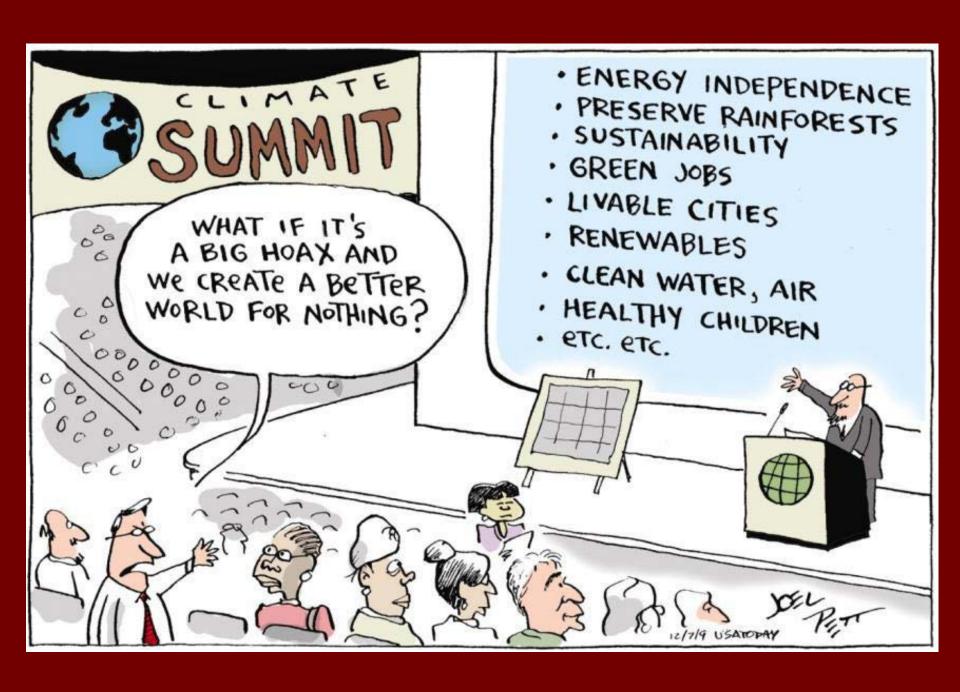
Bad Workmanship – lack of compaction



Trends!











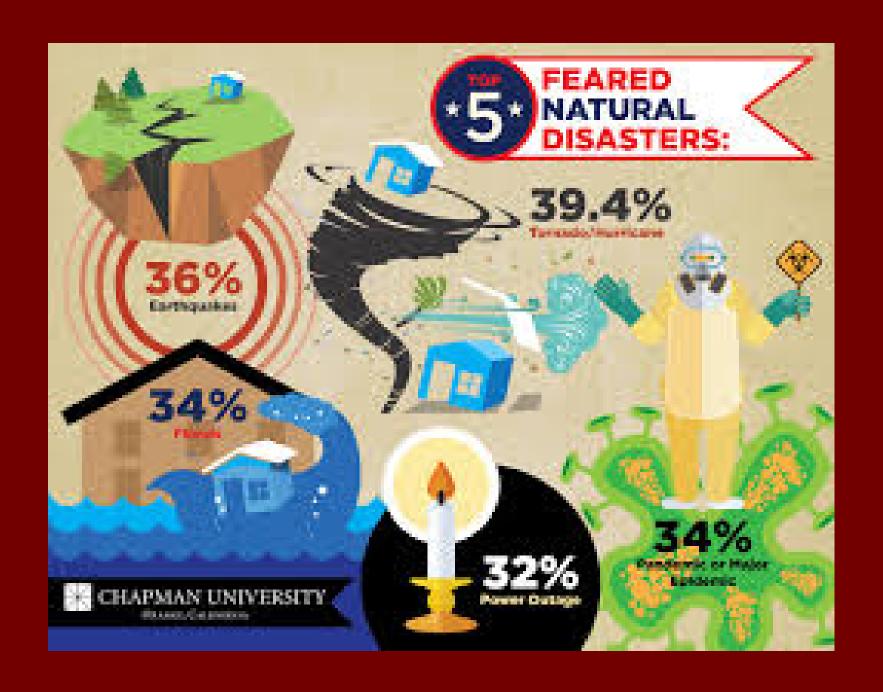




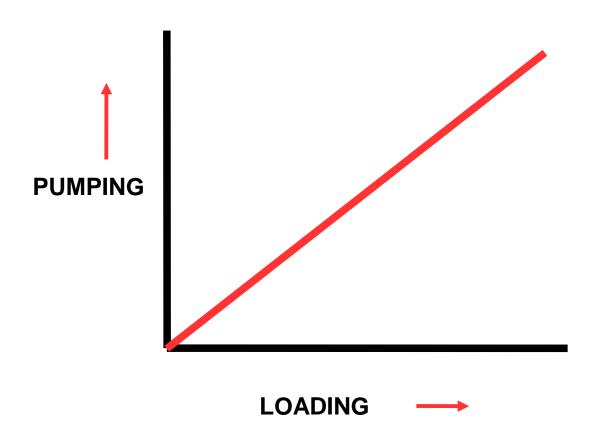
SPRAY – decrease visibility increase risk of collisions.

Can be reduced by adequate drainage / porous materials

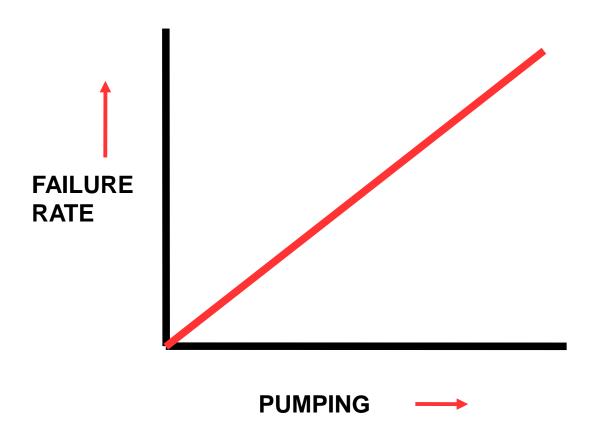




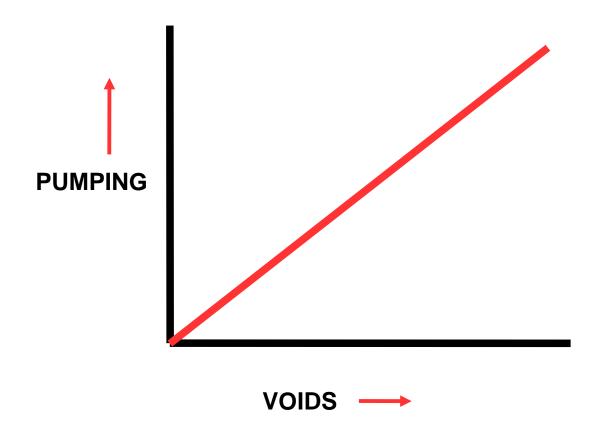
Pumping v Loading



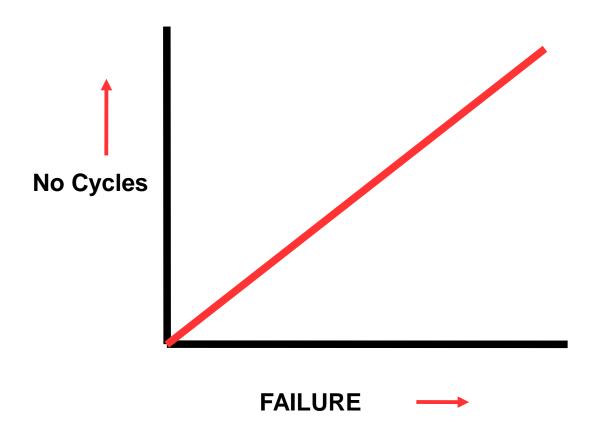
Failure Rate v Pumping



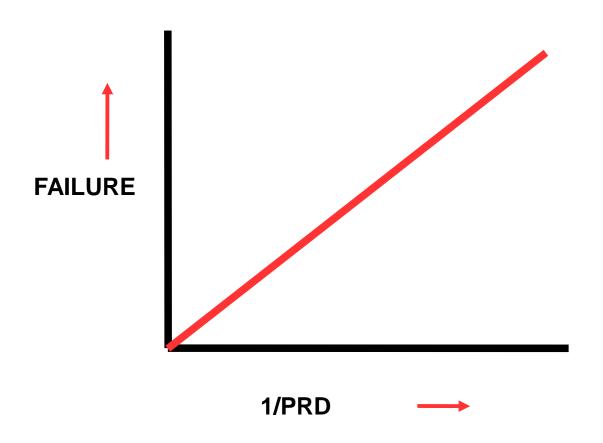
Pumping v Voids



Number of Cycles (temperature) v Failure



Failure v PRD



Question 2 What steps to "inhibit" growth of Potholes

- Remove / decrease traffic
- Remove water
- Reduce de-icing salts
- Enhance material performance
- Improve design
- Rapid response

Question 2 What steps to "inhibit" growth of Potholes

- Remove / decrease traffic
- Remove water
- Warmer climate
- Reduce de-icing salts
- Enhance material performance
- Improve design
- Rapid response







POTHOLE FRUSTRATION: IMPACT OF POOR ROADS ON DRIVERS AND INSURERS

What we will discuss

- Headline facts
- What do drivers think?
- Impact on insurers
- AA action & Parliamentary inaction (until now)
- What happens next?





Headline facts

Potholes are not a new phenomenon

2011 was the last serious pothole year







Potholes are not a new phenomenon

- 2011 was the last serious pothole year
- 'Beast from the East'
 - Dealt harsh blow to UK roads
 - Sharp rise in calls for roadside assistance
 - Sharp increase in insurance claims









Potholes are not a new phenomenon

- 2011 was the last serious pothole year
- 'Beast from the East'
- Years of under-funding on UK roads

According to the Asphalt Alliance ALARM report (March 2018) for year 2017/8

- 1 in 5 roads in UK 'structurally poor' "We can only afford to keep icing the cake but the cake is crumbling and needs to be remade"
- £556m annual maintenance shortfall £9.3bn* one off / 14 years to restore UK roads
- ▶ £7.3 million paid out in compensation last year by local authorities



Potholes are not a new phenomenon

- 2011 was the last serious pothole year
- 'Beast from the East'
- Years of under-funding on UK roads
- Government £100 million pothole fund (March)
 - In May, Grayling admits '...not enough spent on the country's roads since the 1980s...'
 - Councils cash-strapped and have to prioritise
 - AA calls for a £1 billion emergency fund

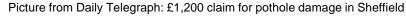




Potholes are not a new phenomenon

- 2011 was the last serious pothole year
- 'Beast from the East'
- Years of under-funding on UK roads
- Government £100 million pothole fund (March)
- Insurance: backstop for most serious pothole claims







Impact of potholes on AA members

- Number of calls from AA members for tyre/wheel/suspension damage doubled
- March-May 2018, AA attended 1,600 tyre/wheel related breakdowns per day
- Local authority compensation has fallen from £35.2m to £7.3m since 2009:
 not paying out a) 'pothole not known' and b) 'already scheduled for repair' *
- Cost to drivers c. £730 million / year **
- Insurers picking up the brunt of serious pothole damage, c. £1.1m/month***



^{*} Daily Mail FOI request ** Potholes.co.uk ***AA Insurance estimate

Potholes are more than a frustration...

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 not paying out a) 'pothole not known' and b) 'already scheduled for repair' *
- Cost to drivers c. £730 million / year **
- Insurers picking up the brunt of serious pothole damage, c. £1.1m/month***
- 10 years: 22 cyclists killed, nearly 400 injured

^{*} Daily Mail FOI request ** Potholes.co.uk ***AA Insurance estimate



What do drivers think?



WHAT DO DRIVERS THINK?

What our members tell us

- 41% say: 'Suffered damage to their vehicle caused by potholes' 1
- 12% say: 'Suffered damage to tyres, wheels and suspension' 1
- 92% say: 'Concerned about damaging their cars from poor roads' 2
- 54% say: 'Local streets are in a poor condition' 3
- 85% say: 'I Can't remember road surfaces ever being as bad as they are now' 4



¹ Jan 2018 ² Feb 2018 ³ March 2018 ⁴ May 2018

WALL TO WALL COVERAGE OF WHAT'S BECOME **A NATIONAL ISSUE**

UK AND WORLD NEWS State of

UK roads are bad and getting worse

Nine out of 10 (88 per cent) drivers say the condition of UK roads has declined over the last decade. An AA poll of 17,500 motorists also found that two-thirds (67 per cent) say roads have "considerably

deteriorated" in the past 10 years. Some 42 per cent of drivers rated residential streets as "poor" last month, compared with 34 per cent in March 2017.

roads has declined, say drivers

ers say the condition of UK roads has declined over the last decade, says a survey The AA poll of 17,500 moorists also found that two-hirds (67%) say roads have 'considerably deteriorated'

ed £9.3 billion to bring their roads up to scratch.

The harsh winter led to

a spike in pothole-related breakdowns, such as dam-

aged shock absorbers, bro-ken suspension springs and

AA president Edmund King said: "It is clear that despite

all the talk from central and

is being done to fix our in-

creasingly dangerous streets. Our potholed roads are in

lown operations are rescains

a perilous state. AA break

distorted wheels

turning into a "national emergency" with rising numbers of cyclists seriously injured and cars damaged n the past 10 years. Some 42% of drivers rated sidential streets as "poor" st month, compared with 34% in March 2017.

Research published today by the AA found that almost nine in ten drivers say that roads have deteriorated in the pas decade. In the past year the number of A recent survey by the Asphalt Industry Alliance motorists describing the state of local roads as "poor" has risen by a quarter.

The harsh winter resulted in a sharp rise in the number of potholes, with an increase in breakdowns caused uneven surfaces. These include damaged shock absorbers, broken suspension and distorted wheels. The AA insisted that roads were

already in a "perilous state" because of years of underfunding and the freezing onditions and wet weather had caused the network to crumble in many areas. Industry experts say that £9.3 billion is needed to bring all roads up to scratch. The government is investing about Elbillion a year in local roads and said

Roadwork ban to stop potholes

Dangerous state of roads

'is a national emergency'

The Times report last Monday on nigns to tackle the nation's crumbling streets

recently that another £100 million was being spent to repair routes affected by the severe winter weather. Edmund King, president of the AA. said this was "little more than papering over the cracks" and that long-tern

measures were needed. He proposes diverting 2p a litre from fuel duty to create a dedicated Chillion pothole fund in effect doubling central govern-"It is clear that despite all the talk from central and local government, not

enough is being done to fix our increasingly dangerous streets," he said. "Our potholed roads are in a perilous state. AA breakdown operations are rescuing record numbers of drivers

He urged Chris Grayling, the

transport secretary, to "convince the Freasury to allow more funds for roads maintenance in what is fast becoming a

national emergency". The AA surveyed more than 17,500 numbers and found that 88 per cent thought the roads are worse now than ten years ago. Sixty-seven per cent said that roads had "considerably deteriorated" over the past decade. Official figures show that crumbling roads have contributed to the deaths or serious injuries of 390 cyclists in the past decade.

A Department for Transport spokeswoman said: "We are already providing councils in England with over £6 billion help improve the condition of local highways. While it is for councils to identify where repairs should be undertaken, we are also looking at how innovative technology can help them keep their roads in the best condition and save money

toll worse

NEARLY nine in ten motorists claim roads are

worse than a decade ago.

Tory MPs urged Trans-port Secretary Chris Grayling to find more money to fix potholes, as

the AA published the

damning poll. Ex-Cabinet minister Rob Halfon said: "We are

living in Pothole Country." The AA demanded 2p

a litre of fuel duty should

£lbillion pothole fund.

AA president Edmund

King said: "Our roads are

fast becoming a national

emergency."

ring-fenced for a

MOTORISTS BLAST ROADS CONDITION

9/10 believe worse than 2008

■ by STEPHEN WILKIE

MORE than nine out of 10 Scots motorists say roads are worse now than a decade ago.

A survey of AA members found 91% of Scottish drivwhere they live have deterio rated since 2008.

Scotland was the joint worst in the UK, along with north west England and the East Mid-

suggesting that Scotland's roads have deteriorated worse than elsewhere. Across the UK as a whole, 88% on average said roads were worse. In Scotland, some 73% said

roads had deteriorated "considerably" in terms of surface and potholes compared with 67% across the UK. Only 2% north of the Border

claimed their roads had improved compared with a decade ago while more than half (5%) rate their roads as "poor" and 7% say they are "terrible Many Scots also slammed the

condition of main roads and motorways. Only 1% said trunk roads were "excellent", compared with 16% who said they were "bad" or

Terrible

Motorways were rated as the roads kept in the best overall condition, but 4% of Scots said they were "bad" and a further 1% rated them as "terrible" Edmund King, AA president, said: "The AA postbag is burst-

of roads across the UK. The organisation has now launched the #FlagitFunditFil lit campaign to fight what it calls "a national emergency" across the UK.



HUGE: Potholed street

NEWS WIRE

UK roads are getting worse - poll

NINE out of 10 (88%) drivers say the condition of UK roads has declined over the last

decade, a new survey suggests. The AA poll of 17,500 motorists also found that 67% say roads have "considerably

deteriorated" since 2008. Around 42% of drivers rated residential streets as "noor" last month, compared with

34% in March last year. A recent survey by the roadmending industry found that local authorities in England and Wales needed £9.3bn to bring

their roads up to scratch. AA president Edmund King said: "It is clear that, despite all government, not enough is

the talk from central and local being done to fix our increasingly dangerous

Residential streets now suffering from pothole plague. drivers report

The potholes plague facing Britain has spread to residential streets, AA figures have shown.

Nine out of 10 drivers surveyed by the organisation said that UK roads had declined in the past decade, while two-thirds said they had "considerably deteriorated". Some 42 per cent of the 17.500 drivers polled rated residential streets as "poor" last month, compared with 34 per cent in March 2017.

Edmund King, AA president, said the organisation was seeing record numbers of pothole-related call-outs. He added: "The current lack of proper investment in local roads means highway authorities are doing little

more than papering over the cracks." Transport Secretary Chris Grayling said in March that English councils would be given £100 million more to tackle potholes and storm damage. But Martin Tett. of the Local Government Association, said funding on the strategic road network was "52 times

higher than for local roads". A recent Asphalt Industry Alliance poll found English and Welsh councils needed £9.3 billion to fix their roads.

Poor state of **UK roads**

the condition of UK roads has declined over the nast decade, a new

survey suggests. The AA poll of 17,500 motorists also found that two thirds say roads have "considerably deteriorated" in the past ten years.

Some 42 per cent of drivers rated residential streets as "poor" last month, compared with 34 per cent in March

A recent survey by the Asphalt Industry Alliance found that local authorities in England and Wales needed £9.3 billion

to bring their roads up to scratch

Driven to despair: 90% of motorists say streets worse than a decade ago **Potholes**

Most drivers say MORE than mine out of 10 Scottish motorroads in decline bry were a decade ago, according to a

TRANSPORT: Nine out of 10 tudy
The surpey of 4.5 morehors found that 91 drivers say the condition of UK per cent north of the Berder believe residental streets where they live have dete-rierated since 2008. roads has declined over the last decade, a new survey suggests. The 65 pell of 17500 Scotland was the joint worst in the UK ong with the North West and East

motorists also found that two-thirds say roads have considerably deteriorated" in the past 10 years. Some 42 per cent of drivers being "poor" last month, in

comparison with 34 per cent in March 2017.

strees."The findings come after it imerged in October that roads in Scoland are poci-marked with the highest number of perholes in the UK and have a combined depth of in the UK and have a cambined slepth of mostly four miles. Data collected by insurance firm Cantinand conversaled a total of 154,336 petholes were reported to Scottal councils the previous year – about 6,000 more than the next worst-hit area, the south west of

in average said roads were worse

Midlanda, suggesting roads north of the Booker have degraded to a greater extent than elsewhere. Across the UK, 88 per cent

Edmund King AA president said: "It is ear that despite all the talk from central

and local government, not enough is being

keer to fix our increasingly dangerous

around 423 conities each day, three times more than counterparts in Landon. Estimates also suggest it will cost (2 25 billies to bring Scotland's roads up to scratch and with councils continuing to tighten their belts, that repair bill may

in the AA survey said roads had deterineated "considerably" in terms of surface and pothoies, companyd with 67% across

the UK.

Only 2% much of the Border claimed. their roads had improved compared with a decade ago. More than half (51%) of respondents rate their roads as "poor" and 7% say they are "terrible". mate," said Mr King.

"AA breakdown operations are rescuing meerd numbers of drivers whose tyres or

wheels are damaged by potholes. wheels are dismaged by pockoles.
"The current lack of proper investment on local reads means that highway authorities are doing little more than papering over the creaks."
The Soutish Government and previously that the most recent Audit Soutland report on roads maintenance found 80% of the

network was in an acceptable condition with the maintenance budget for trank roads increasing to more than C199 million is 2017-2018. Officials said the additional funds would

allow more repairs to be carried out to mad surfaces to address petholes and other surfaces to address potnoses and order defects, as well as safety checks on bridges and other infrastructure.

If was calculated last year that the UK's

miles, which is almost four times deeper tian the Pacific Ocean. Industry sources said at the time that one in six local reads would need to be repaired is to some reason would need to be repaired in mayeven face closure within the next five nam due to poor maintenance.

The Local Authority Road Maintenance survey, produced by the Asphalt Industry Alliance, lound that 17 per cent of all reads were at serious risk of closure unless the are repaired by 2022.

Not enough is being done dangerous streets

Nine out of 10 drivers say roads not up to scratch

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nole-related breakdowns, such as damaged

the talk from central and local government,

"Our potholed roads are in a perilous state. AA breakdown operations are rescuing record numbers of drivers whose tyres little more than papering over the cracks.

Condition of roads has gone

down say nine in 10 drivers NINE out of 10 (88 per sent) drivers say the ondition of UK roads ha declined over the last decade, a new survey

The AA poll of 17,500 wothirds (67 per cent) say roads have considerably deteriorated" in the past 10 years. Some 42 per cent of drivers rated residential str as "poor" last month, compared with 34 per cent in A survey by the Asphalt Industry Alliance found loca authorities in England and Wales receded £9.3bn to bring their roads up to scratch.

MOTORING

UK roads are rated 'poor' NINE out of 10 (88 per cent) drivers say the condition of UK roads has

declined over the last decade, a new survey suggests. The AA poll of 17,500 motorists also found that twothirds (67 per cent) say roads have "considerably deteriorated" in the past 10 years. Some 42 per cent of drivers rated residential streets as "poor" last month, compared with 34 per cent in March 2017. A recent survey by the Asphalt Industry Alliance found that local authorities in England and Wales needed £9.3 billion to bring their roads up to scratch. The harsh winter led to a spike in pothole-related breakdowns such as damaged shock absorbers. broken suspension springs and distorted wheels.

Nine out of 10 drivers say the condition of and distorted wheels. AA president Ed-UK roads has declined over the last decade, mund King said: "It is clear that despite all

The AA poll of 17,500 motorists also not enough is being done to fix our increasfound that two-thirds say roads have 'con- ingly dangerous streets.

or wheels are damaged by potholes. A recent survey by the Asphalt Industry current lack of proper investment on local Alliance found that local authorities in Eng- roads means highway authorities are doing

Transport Secretary Chris Grayling announced in March that councils would be given a further £100 million to tackle potshock absorbers, broken suspension springs holes and repair storm damage in England.

ASPHALT BUNGLE

NEARLY nine in 10 drivers say the state of the roads has worsened over the past decade, an AA poll of 17.500 found.

WALL TO WALL COVERAGE OF WHAT'S BECOME **A NATIONAL ISSUE**

UK AND WORLD NEWS State of

UK roads are bad and getting worse

Nine out of 10 (88 per cent) drivers say the condition of UK roads has declined over the last decade. An AA poll of 17,500 motorists also found that two-thirds (67 per cent) say roads have "considerably deteriorated" in the past 10 years.

Some 42 per cent of drivers rated residential streets as "poor" last month, compared with 34 per cent in March 2017.

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a spike in po aged shock abso ken suspension s distorted wheels all the talk from cen is being done to fix

creasingly dangerous Our potholed roads a persious state. AA lown operations are res record numbers of dri whose tyres or wheels damaged by potholes."

Briefing

Most drivers say roads in decline

TRANSPORT: Nine out of 10 drivers say the condition of UK roads has declined over the last decade, a new survey suggests. The 65 pell of 17500 motorists also found that

two-thirds say roads have considerably deteriorated" in the past 10 years. Some 42 per cent of drivers

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> marked with t a the UK and nearly four miles.
> Data collecte
> Confound core repetholes were repo the previous year = a the next worst-hit a

England. Il moune/scurtisho around 425 cavitie more than country Excinates also © 25 billies to brir scratch and with a

the UK.

Only 2% much of the Bords

their reads had improved comp. a decade ago. More than half

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MOTORING

Condition of roads has gone down say nine in 10 drivers



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Danger

/10 believe worse than 2008

oles danger

BRITAIN'S potholed roads are now in

national cris

than nine out of ts motorists say are worse now

tecade ago. of Scottish driv ive have deterio

ong with north

deteriorated

88% on averworse.

Border

and im-'f (5%)

NEWS WIRE

UK roads are getting worse - poll

NINE out of 10 (88%) drivers say the condition of UK roads has declined over the last decade, a new survey suggests.

The AA poll of 17,500 notorists also found that 67% v roads have "considerably eriorated" since 2008. round 42% of drivers rated fential streets as "poor" nonth, compared with

n March last year. ent survey by the roadindustry found that horities in England and eded £9.3bn to bring BRITAIN'S potnoied roads are now in have they have such a poor condition gency, think become a "national on of drivers think the AA found almost on of drivers." s up to scratch. dent Edmund King lear that, despite all central and local

not enough is

ngerous

of roads across the UK." The organisation has now launched the #FlagitFunditFillit campaign to fight what it calls "a national emergency" across the UK.



HUGE: Potholed street

Residential streets now suffering from pothole plague. drivers report

 The potholes plague facing Britain has spread to residential streets, AA figures have shown.

Nine out of 10 drivers surveyed by the organisation said that UK roads had declined in the past decade, while two-thirds said they had "considerably deteriorated". Some 42 per cent of the 17.500 drivers polled rated residential streets as "poor" last month, compared with 34 per cent in March 2017.

Edmund King, AA president, said the organisation was seeing record numbers of pothole-related call-outs. He added: "The current lack of proper investment in local roads means highway authorities are doing little

more than papering over the cracks." Transport Secretary Chris Grayling said in March that English councils would be given £100 million more to tackle potholes and storm damage. But Martin Tett. of the Local Government Association, said funding on the strategic road network was "52 times

higher than for local roads". A recent Asphalt Industry Alliance poll found English and Welsh councils needed £9.3 billion to fix their roads.

Poor state of **UK roads**

the condition of UK roads has declined over the nast decade, a new survey suggests.

The AA poll of 17,500 motorists also found that two thirds say roads have "considerably deteriorated" in the past ten years.

Some 42 per cent of drivers rated residential streets as "poor" last month, compared with 34 per cent in March

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to bring their roads up to scratch.

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RLY nine in 10 drivers he state of the roads vorsened over the cade, an AA poll of



WHAT DO DRIVERS THINK?

What our members tell us

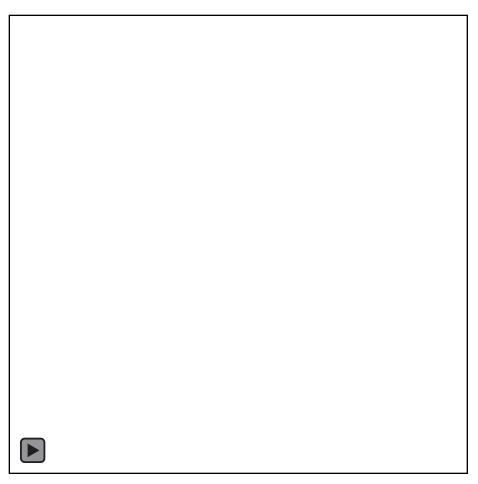
Q. Following the 'beast from the East' in early spring, 9 out of 10 panel members said that the condition of local roads (surface/potholes) in their area was the worst it had been for ten years. Which if any of the following best describes the action taken since spring to mend potholes in your local area? (September 2018)

Statement	Result
Some potholes have been repaired, but there seems to be a lot of damage that has been ignored	39%
Some potholes were repaired, but roads have started to break up again	16%
The local authority seems to have been repairing potholes all year, but roads are still bad	14%
Lots of potholes have been inspected/marked with paint, but few seem to have been repaired	13%
Local roads have been extensively and comprehensively repaired in my area	7%
The roads in my area weren't too bad in the spring, so the local authority hasn't had to do much in the way of repairs	6%
Don't know	4%
Other	2%



Impact on insurers

IMPACT ON INSURERS

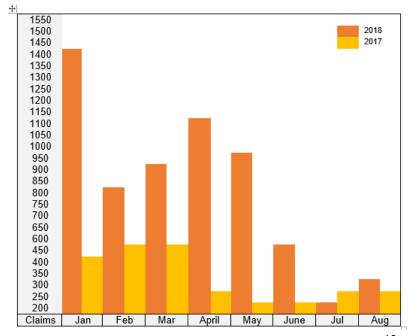




IMPACT ON INSURERS

As many claims as they are potholes

- Most council claims denied leaving victims to pay up or claim
- End of April 2018: c. 4,200 claims
 - 171% increase over same period last year
 - Approximate cost per claim: £1,000 = £4.2m
- Year to date: (end August) c 8,000 claims
 - 165% increase over same period last year
 - Approximate cost per claim: £1,000 = £8m
- Claim rate falling as councils get to grips





AA action & Parliamentary inaction (until now)

HIGHLIGHTING THE ISSUE IN MEDIA

- To date, 1,000 interviews and mentions across both national and regional radio / TV
- Coverage on BBC Breakfast, BBC 2, Sky News, ITV News, Channel 4 and Channel 5 and regionals
- All major nationals both print and online; insurance media
- Facebook posts by Sky News, BBC Breakfast, BBC News, The Times and The Sunday Times prompting nearly 2,000 comments

ACTIVITY HIGHLIGHTS

- Roadside operations: doubling of puncture, suspension and wheel related faults with hotspots and advice;
- Insurance: sharp rise in pothole related claims, scaling AA's market share to a national estimate: £1m / month
- Driving school: damaged driving school cars, abandoned driving lessons and tests
- Pavements: as bad as roads; 10,600 claims over 12 months; 73% say local pavements uneven / ill maintained



#FlagitFunditFillit – AA calls for action

Campaign launched to highlight pothole problems across the UK

Flag it – call on drivers to report potholes to local councils





#FlagitFunditFillit – AA calls for action

Campaign launched to highlight pothole problems across the UK

- Flag it call on drivers to report potholes to local councils
- Fund it demand Government action (i.e. 2p on fuel duty); write to MPs, take to social media







#FlagitFunditFillit – AA calls for action

Campaign launched to highlight pothole problems across the UK

- Flag it call on drivers to report potholes to local councils
- Fund it demand Government action (i.e. 2p on fuel duty); write to MPs, take to social media
- Fill it funds generated for local authorities will enable potholes to be filled









AA applies pressure on Parliament

#FlagitFunditFillit: AA calls for action

- Letter to Chancellor: Ring-fence 2p of 57.95p/litre for pothole fund to raise £1bn in 12 months – rejected
- Letter to Transport Secretary Chris Grayling 'noted with interest'
- Letter to Transport Committee –announced inquiry into the funding of local road repairs



According to Cycling UK, potholes have been a contributor fortillation



AA ACTION & PARLIAMENTARY INACTION (UNTIL NOW)

What the Government wants

Meanwhile...

- Government trying to encourage people to walk or cycle short journeys but
 - People are not cycling as much as they used to down 6% 2016-2017 (but those who do are cycling further)*
- Three-fifths of people say roads too dangerous to cycle*
- Youngsters walking/cycling to school down from 53% to 51%* thanks to pavement hazards
 - despite £1.2bn investment target to encourage 55% to walk/cycle



^{*} British Travel Survey 2018

What happens next?

WHAT HAPPENS NEXT?

Innovation is the key

'Multi-Fit wheel – reduces time for Member and the AA





THE POTHOLE ISSUE

Innovation is the key

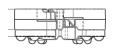
- 'Multi-Fit wheel reduces time for Member and the AA
- Foam suspension spacer
 - fits on shock absorber to enable cars with a broken spring to be rescued

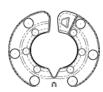


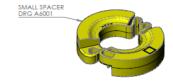
















THE POTHOLE ISSUE

Innovation is the key

- 'Multi-Fit wheel reduces time for Member and the AA
- Foam suspension spacer
 - fits on shock absorber to enable cars with a broken spring to be rescued
- Think outside the box...



THE POTHOLE ISSUE

Innovation is the key

- 'Multi-Fit wheel reduces time for Member and the AA
- Foam suspension spacer
 - fits on shock absorber to enable cars with a broken spring to be rescued
- Think outside the box...





WHAT HAPPENS NEXT?











BRIDGING SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

POTHOLE

PROPOGATION, PREVENTION, PATCHING

POTHOLE – CHALLENGE, COST & FUNDING

George Lee – Chief Executive, Highways Term Maintenance Association







Pothole – Challenge, Cost & Funding





Members & Associate members

CAPITA

























integrated expertise

















TARMAC









SKANSKA























Deliverables for the Sector

- Price adjustment indices
- Guidance on use of legal clauses in contracts
- Invest to save report
- Report on outcome indicators
- Guidance on maximising best value from constrained budgets
- Safety training DVD Breaking New Ground
- Guidance documents on:
- Smart motorways designed for maintenance
- IPV and traffic management
- Centre line working
- Road closures and impact
- Welfare on transient sites
- Training DVD on People-Plant interface management
- Roadworker Abuse toolkit
- A suite of good safety practices (knowledge sharing by Members)

- Sustainable Highways Maintenance Tool
- Water Toolkit
- Report from Benchmarking on fuel use and CO2 emissions in highways maintenance
- Green driving booklet
- Sustainability Charter
- Guidance on Adaptation to Climate Change
- Sustainable travel plans template
- Training DVD on sustainable highway maintenance
- Winter Maintenance game for school aged pupils
- TUPE template to assist the bidding process
- Career case studies
- Job profiles for different roles within highways maintenance
- Careers video
- Careers presentation for pupils
- Report from benchmarking people data highways specific





Strategic Priorities

Leading voice of highways term management and maintenance sector Promote innovation, best practice and improved industry standards Share knowledge and experience throughout the industry Improve & promote overall image of the industry

Operational Priorities 2018/19

Key Stakeholder engagement and collaboration including, Best Practice Group & academic engagement Development of cross sectoral submission to Comprehensive Spending Review

Campaign on road worker safety



Comprehensive Spending Review Britain's Roads......Britain's Future



We have a Problem

Identifying the Problem
Quantifying the Problem
Addressing the problem

- WHY?
- WHAT?
- HOW?

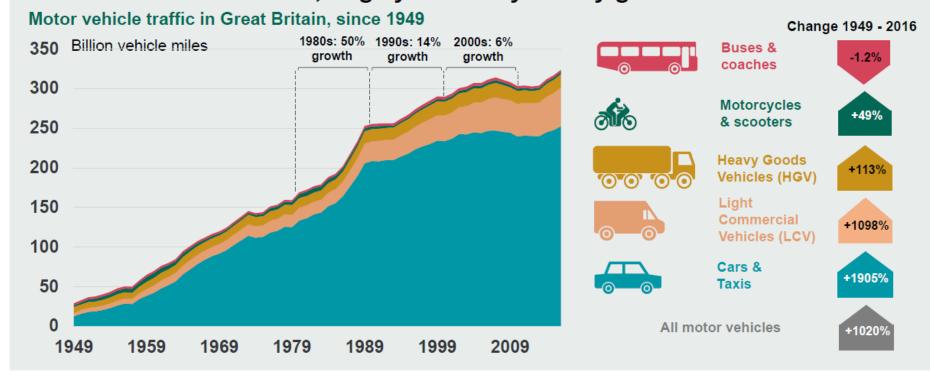




Why we have a Problem (1) – Road Use

Long-term traffic trends

Since 1949 motor vehicle traffic has increased more than ten-fold from 28.9 to 323.7 billion vehicle miles, largely driven by steady growth in car traffic.

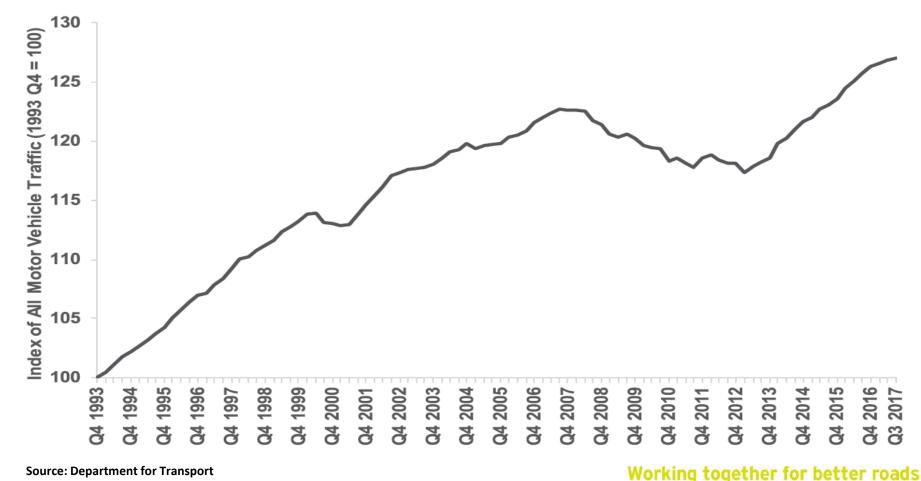


Source: Department for Transport



Why we have a Problem (1) – Road Use

Chart 1: Rolling Annual Index of Road Traffic in Great Britain, from 1993

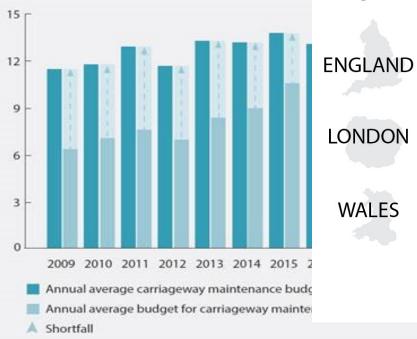




Why we have a Problem (2) – Resources

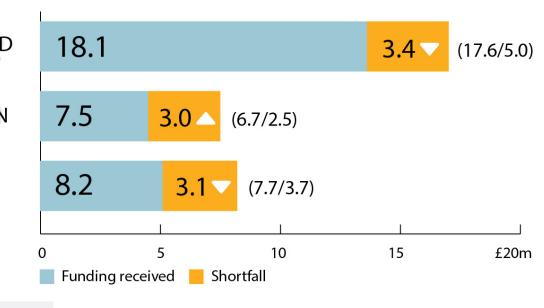
Carriageway maintenance budget needed

Annual average per authority (£m)



Budget shortfall

Average annual carriageway maintenance budget received and average shortfall, £m (2016/17 in brackets)



Source: Asphalt Industry
Alliance ALARM Report 2018



Why we have a Problem (3) – Structures

- Poor Asset Knowledge
- Lack of strategic & coordinated approach
- (Historically) Slow to adapt to 'new' practices

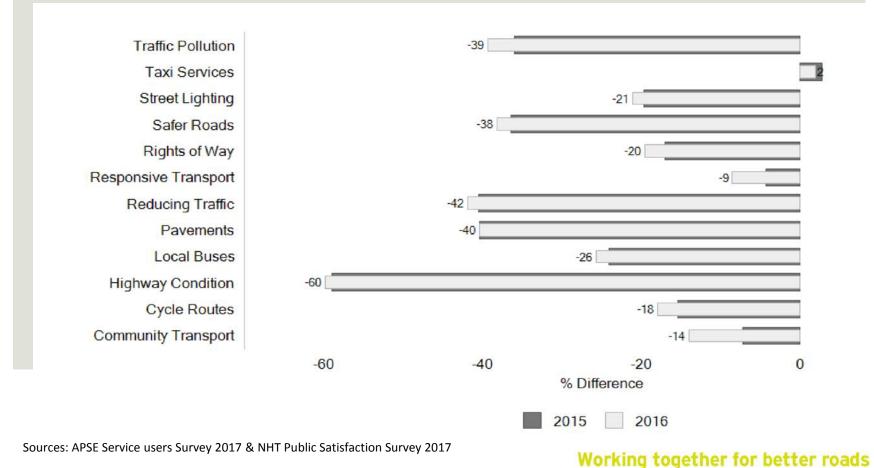






What is the extent of the problem? (1) – User views

Satisfaction With Services







What is the extent of the problem? (1) – User views

Local Road Users Priorities

60%

transportfocus //

Better Roads/Road Surfaces/less potholes 6

Improve Traffic Flow/less congestion 6%

Less roadworks 3%

Key Issues Of Public Concern

48% Social Care 47% Highways

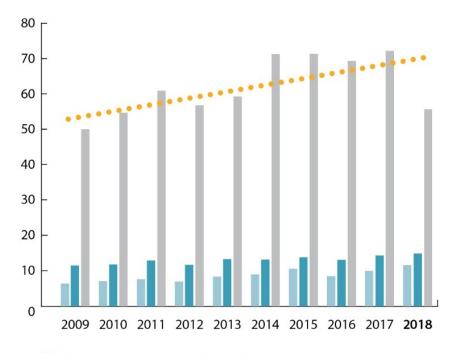






One-time catch-up costs

Estimate per authority (£m)



- Annual average budget for carriageway maintenance
- Annual average carriageway maintenance budget needed
- Estimated one-time catch-up costs per authority
- ... Linear (estimated one-time catch-up costs per authority)

Source: Asphalt Industry Alliance ALARM Report 2018



The figures and do they add up?

ALARM(ing) SURVEY

1 in 5 roads could fail in the next 5 years

Annual Budgetary shortfall of £556m

14 years and £9.31bn to put things right

Compensation claims in England & Wales totalled £28.3m

In England average LA Budgets increased by 20% to £26.2m

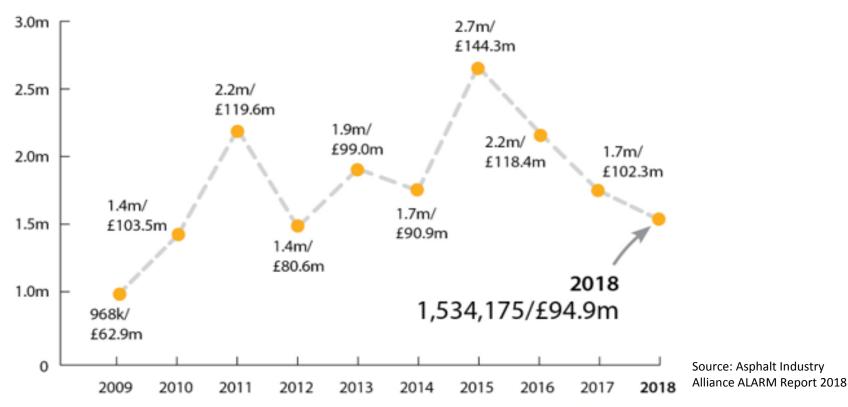
Structural Road Condition as a %age of roads that are 'good, adequate or poor', stabilised

Catch up cost down 25% to £2.75bn



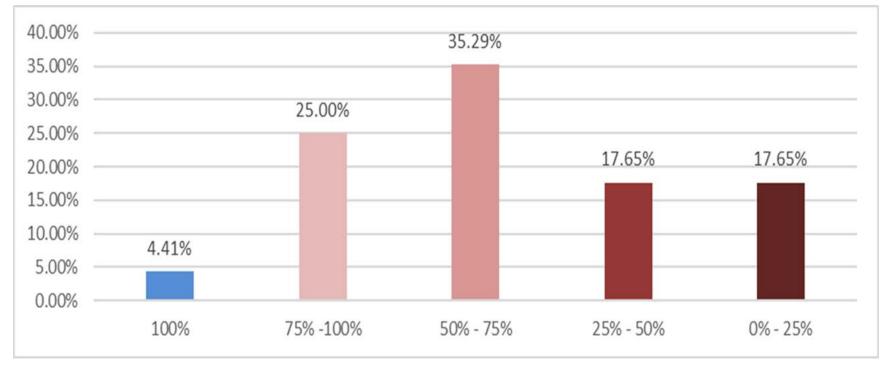
Potholes

Number and cost of potholes filled





To what extent will your 2017/18 budget for highways maintenance meet the need to fill potholes and resurface where necessary?

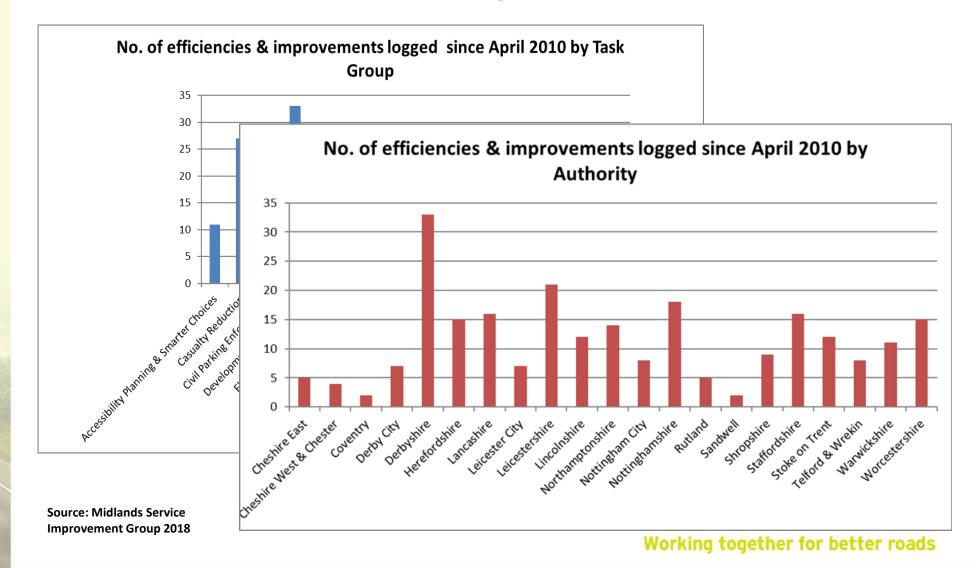


Source: APSE Performance Network



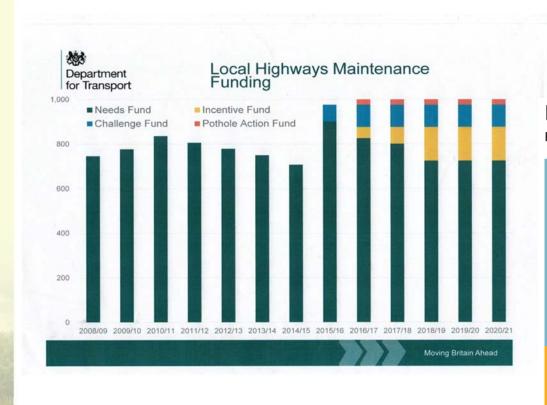


What is the extent of the problem? (3) - Structures





How do we solve the problem? (1) - Resources



DfT funding split

England, excluding London (£)

£801m

£185m

Challenge **Fund** (BID FOR)

Pothole Action fund

£70m

£75m

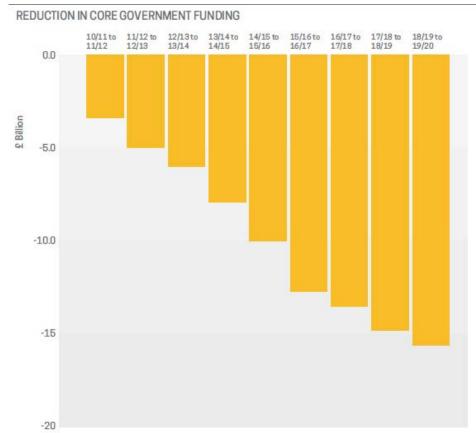
Safer Roads Fund £25m

Local Highways Maintenance £75m Funding - Incentive Element

Source: Department for Transport 2018



How do we solve the problem? (1) - Resources



Source: Local Government Association

Local services in England will face a funding gap of almost £8 billion by 2025.



Where do you see growth areas for the service over the next 12 months?

- External Income Streams
- Asset Management
- Air Quality
- Sustainable drainage
- Collaboration with other authorities
- Town Centre Regeneration
- Charging for Specialist Knowledge
- Housing and Industrial Development sites
- Surface Dressing Road Network
- Design and Build using Section 278 and 38

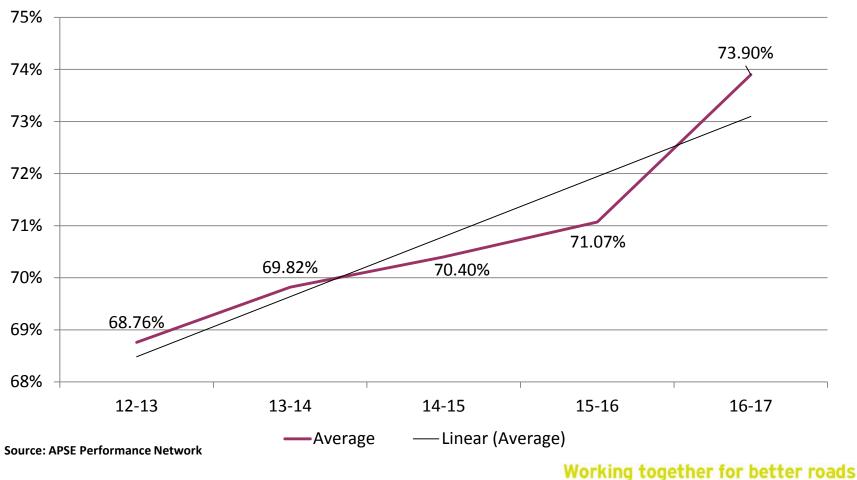
Where do you see areas where work may decrease over the next 12 months?

- Pothole Repairs
- Structural Highway
 Maintenance
- Long Term Maintenance
- Cyclic & Routine Maintenance
- Carriageway Surfacing
- Road Reconstruction
- Major Resurfacing
- Street Light Maintenance
- Winter Service



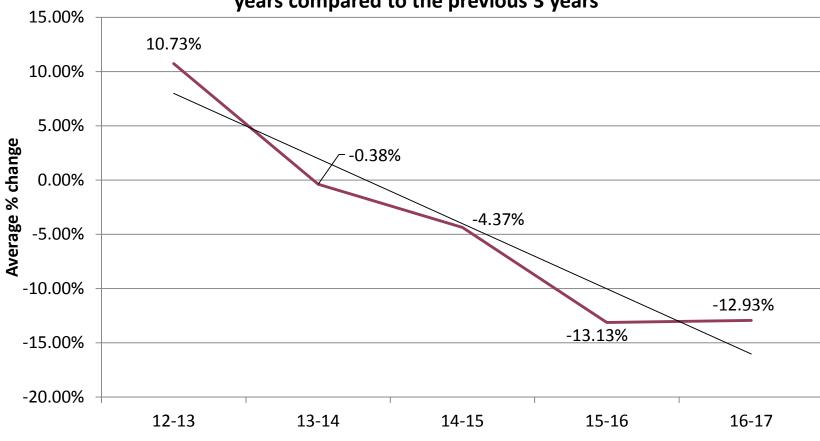


PI 16 percentage of maintenance expenditure planned/proactive





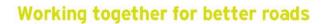
PI 31 Percentage change in the number of 3rd party claims in last 3 years compared to the previous 3 years



Source: APSE Performance Network



Investment
Strong asset management
Positive challenge to local authorities
Hypothecation / Allocated funding













Pothole formation:
Tyre-water- pavement interaction

Dr Mujib Rahman



Problem statement

Concept of water movement under tyre

Objectives

Experimental programme

Results



Pothole formation: Tyre-water- pavement interaction

Acknowledgements

Fauzi Saeed

Dr Phil Collins

Professor Denis Chamberlain







Problem Statement



Water >> damage (cracking, ravelling, pothole etc)

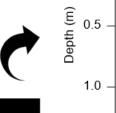
Research >> Material degradation

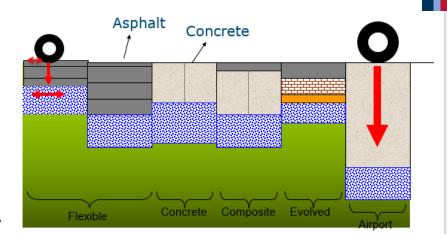
But many new type of asphalt surfaces are failing prematurely

Dynamic pore pressure under traffic loading plays an important role



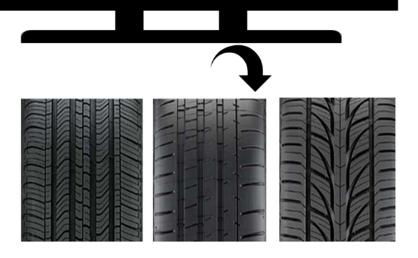
Problem Statement





Measurement of pore water pressure in pavement is complex



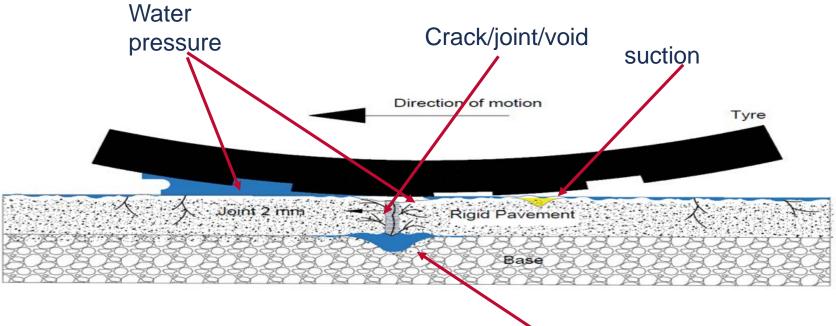




Simplified concept of Tyre-water-pavement interaction



Pore pressure= f (tyre, vehicle speed, surface water, crack opening etc.)



Pore water pressure can create under slab voids, material loss, reduction in bearing capacity etc.....

Research Objectives

Objective 1: Develop a novel laboratory test method to measure water pressure in the pavement.

Objective 2: Investigate the impact of traffic parameters, tyre parameters, and depth of surface water on water pressure in the pavement.

Objective 3: Investigate the impact of combined interaction of tyre-water-pavement on formation of surface damage.

Objective 1: Develop a novel laboratory test method to measure water pressure in the pavement.

Test Development

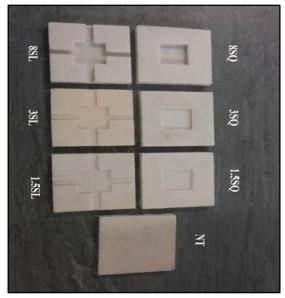
Repeatability & Reproducibility

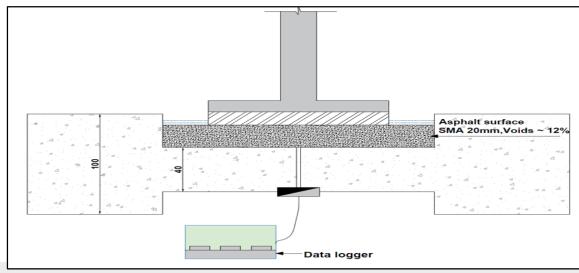
Test Development

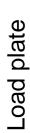
Idealised pavement

TYPICAL 20 mm SMA Binder Base Subbase IDEALISED 20 mm SMA 80 mm Concrete slab 40 mm Rubber 12 mm Plywood Subgrade

Idealised tread

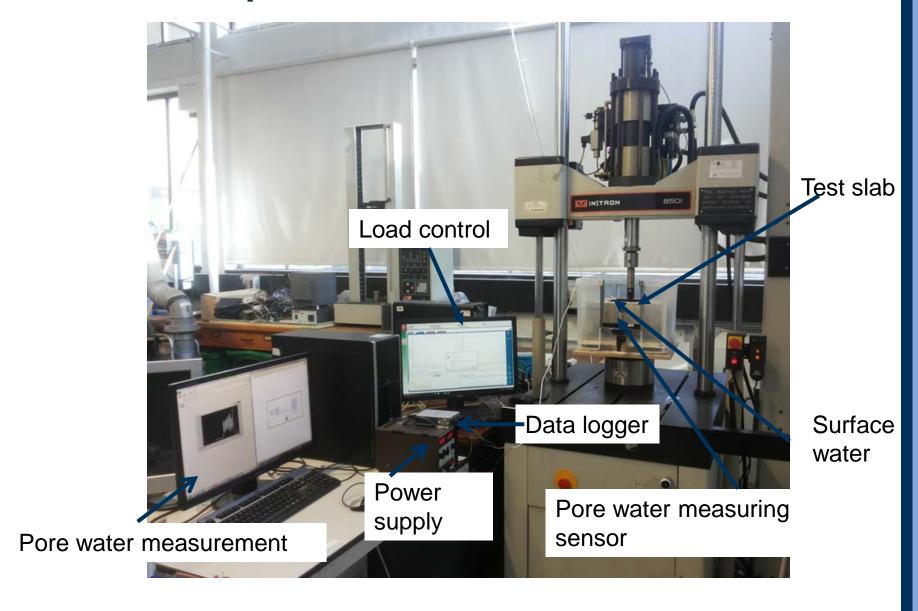








Test Development



Repeatability & Reproducibility

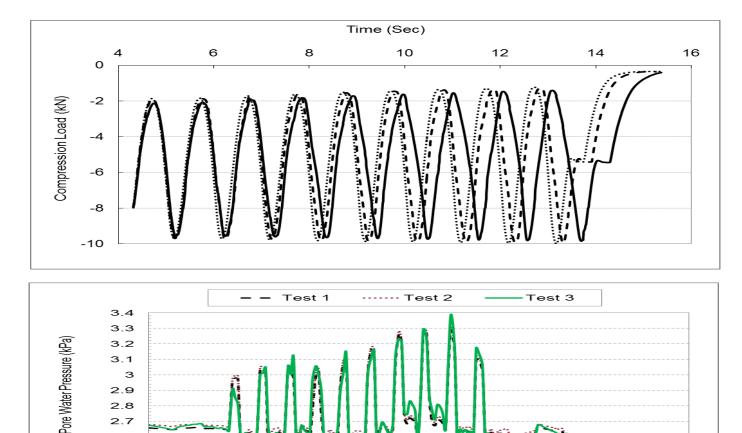
Repeatability: 3 repetitions of each ease

Reproducibility: same test with different sensor

Brunel University London Presentation Title 10

Repeatability & Reproducibility

10kN & 1Hz



Repeatability: average difference ~ 3%, Reproducibility: within 5%

10

Time (Sec)

15

20

2.6 2.5



Objective 2: Investigate the impact of traffic parameters, tyre parameters, and depth of surface water on water pressure in the pavement.

Test Specifications

Results

Observations



Test Specifications

Variable	Specifications
Surface water depth (mm)	2, 4
Tyre Tread Type	Square, Slot
Tread Depth (mm)	0, 1.5, 3 and 8
Load (KN)	5, 10
Loading Frequency (Hz)	1, 5, 10 and 15
Loading speed (Km/h) ~	3, 13, 26, 40
Type of Load	Dynamic Compression
Load Duration (Sec)	0.67-10
Sampling Rate	100 Hz

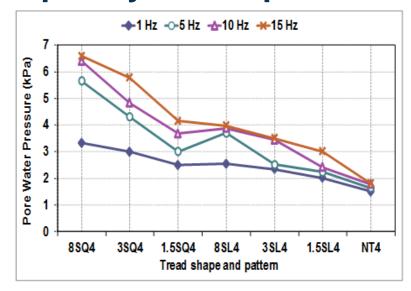
Results

Influence of tyre characteristics (tread shape and depth),

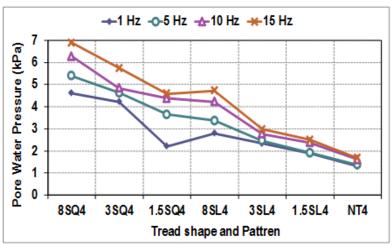
Influence of load magnitude, load frequency

Influence of depth of surface water

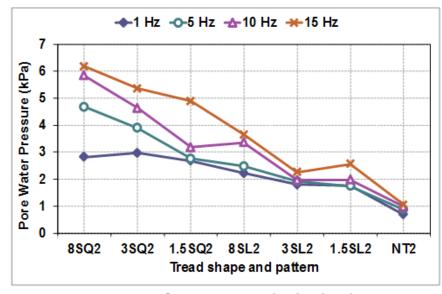
Influence of tyre characterises, load magnitude, load frequency and depth of surface water



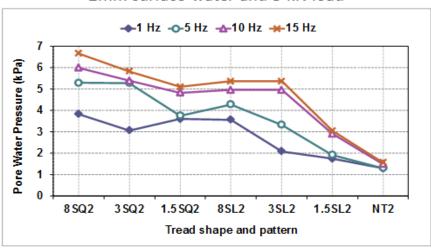
4mm surface water and load 5kN



4mm surface water and 10kN load

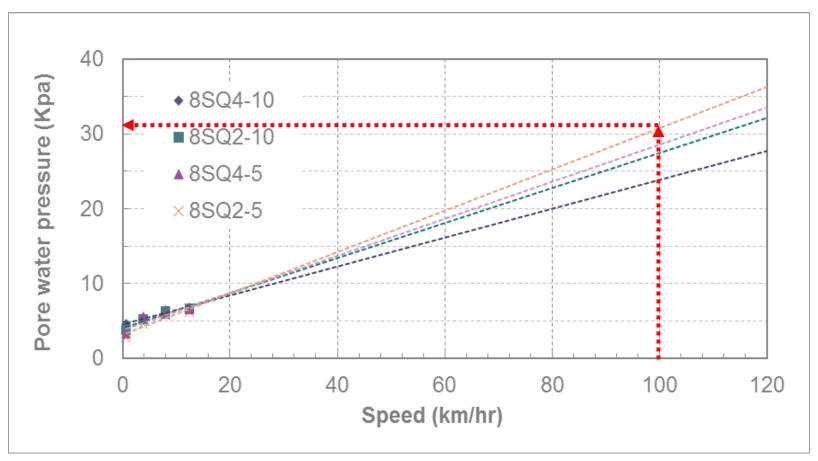


2mm surface water and 5 kN load



2mm surface water and 10kN load

Water pressure @ high speed



At 100 km/hr (~60 mph), the water pressure can be ~ 32 kPa, which is approximately 6.5% of applied contact pressure 500kPa (5000/(100²))

Observations

Tyre characteristics

Irrespective of tread pattern, 8mm tread thickness showed the highest amount of water pressure, but the pressure reduces significantly in 1.5mm tread thickness.

Load magnitude

Load magnitude has the marginal impact on the pore water pressure. The diffidence between 5kN and 10kN load was found only range from 3% to 25% in all tread patterns, thicknesses and loading frequencies.

Load frequency

The water pressure increases with increasing frequency. Water pressure was higher in a square tread than slot cut tread shape as more water was possible to drain out during the load plus.

Influence of surface water

Water depth 2mm and 4mm tend to have a marginal impact on increase water pressure in high frequency while is negligible at low frequencies specifically with 1.5SL and NT.

Whilst the magnitude of water pressure was only around 6.5% of the contact pressure, smaller but continuous voids can significantly increase this pressure, which eventually can lead to degradation of foundation material and progressive deterioration to asphalt surface resulting fretting, revelling or stripping, potholes....



Objective 3: Investigate the impact of combined interaction of tyre-water-pavement on formation of surface damage.

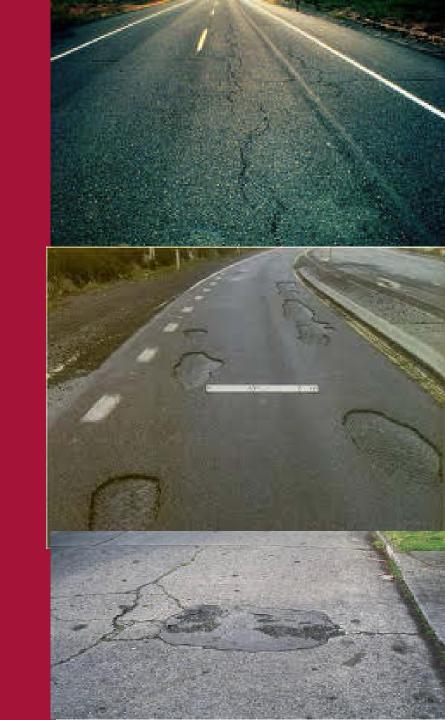
Commonly used Asphalt Surfaces

Test Specifications

Testing

Results

Observations



Commonly used asphalt surfaces

Hot Rolled Asphalt (HRA)

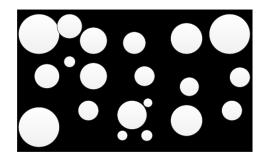
Stone mastic asphalt (SMA)

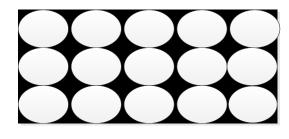
Porous asphalt (PA)













Gap graded, ~ 4-8 % voids

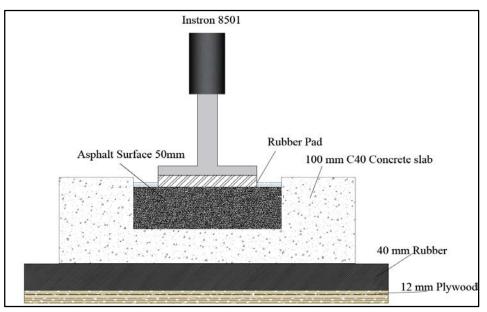
Open graded ~ 8-12 % voids

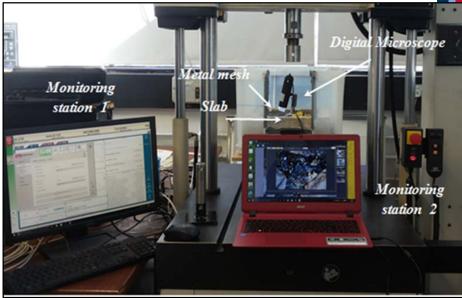
Open graded ~ 18 % voids

Test Specifications

Variable	Specifications
Surface water depth (mm)	1-2
Tyre Tread Type and depth	8mm groove
Load (KN)	5
Loading Frequency (Hz)	5
Loading speed (Km/h)	26
Type of Load	Dynamic Compression
Load cycles (k)	20000, 40000
Surface type	HRA, SMA, PA
Aggregate size (mm)	6, 10 & 14
Specimen size (mm³)	200X200X50
No of specimen /mix	6
Test condition	Wet and Dry
Distress measurement	Cracking, rutting, ravelling
Bruner University London	20

Testing





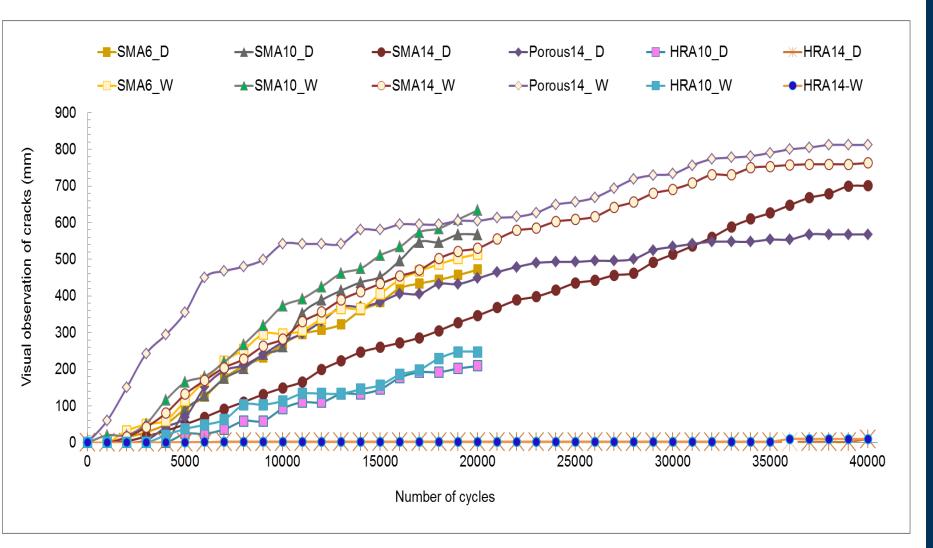


Results

Influence of surface water

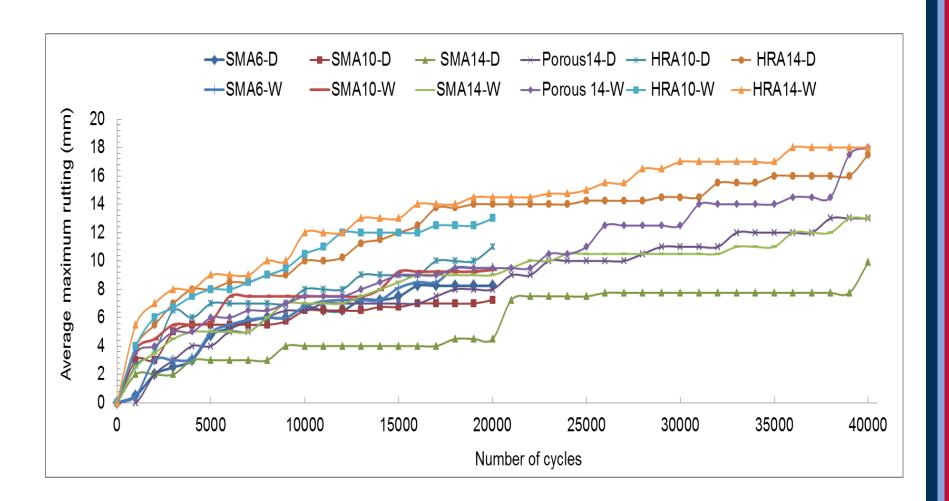
Comparing with design standard

Cracking-Influence of water



Average cumulative cracking in dry and wet condition at 5 Hz

Rutting-Influence of surface water



Average cumulative rutting in dry and wet condition at 5 Hz

Comparing with Design Standard

Crack severity (LTPP criteria): Low: 70 mm to 100 mm with a few connecting cracks, Medium: 100 mm to 150 mm with interconnected cracks, High: > 150 mm interconnected cracking forming a complete pattern and pieces move with loading

Rutting (DMRB criteria) Low < 10 mm, 10 mm < Medium < 20 mm, High severity>20 mm

Comparing with Design Standard

Mixture	Cracking: Load cycle			Rutting		
	1st crack	L	M	Н	20k	40k
HRA10-D	4042	9320	10236	14664	Н	-
HRA10-W	3050	7180	7820	15096	Н	-
HRA14-D	6000	40,000*	-	-	Н	Н
HRA14-W	5000	40,000*	-	-	Н	Н
SMA6-D	1070	4350	5120	6420	M	-
SMA6-W	1030	4313	4780	5640	M	-
SMA10-D	4012	4785	5192	6448	M	-
SMA10-W	50	3290	3712	4576	M	-
SMA14-D	1250	6037	7360	10001	L	М
SMA14-W	1065	3732	4344	5420	M	Н
PA14-D	2160	5025	5400	5960	M	Н
PA14-W	17	1110	1432	2000	M	H ₂₆

Conclusions

- The influence of combined water and dynamic loading on surface damage was successfully simulated in the laboratory environment. The outcome of the test method has demonstrated a promising future for further development.
- Depending on the type of asphalt surfaces, the presence of water accelerates surface damage concerning cracking, rutting and other distresses like revelling.
- The cracking propensity is severe in highly open graded mixtures like porous asphalt, then SMA than in gap graded hot rolled asphalt. Compared to dry condition testing, the appearance of surface crack was approximately seven times faster in porous asphalt tested in wet conditions.
- All tested SMA mixtures demonstrated good rutting resistance compared to porous and hot rolled mixtures, although their cracking resistance was significantly reduced in the presence of water.
- In the presence of water, the mixture gradation appeared to have more influence on load bearing capacity than the size of aggregates.



Thank you

mujib.rahman @ brunel .ac.uk







Science of durable asphalt patch repair – Professor Denis Chamberlain, Epicuro Ltd (Visiting Professor Brunel University)

Hot Asphalt Repair of Pot holes

Presenter & Inventor of Heater: Denis Chamberlain Acknowledgement: Majority of the content is extracted from 11 publications authored by Juliana Byzyka, Mujib Raham and myself



Introduction to Epicuro Ltd

Materials manufacture: cleaning, protection and waterproofing of bridges, buildings and pavement.

Working with Brunel University:

Materials and equipment
Research supervision
Loan of Epicuro pothole heater



Scope of Presentation

- Pothole repair demand.
- Scope of pothole repair R&D.
 Main Findings.
- Current practice case study.
- Scientific basis of heated pothole repair.
- Pothole repair heating strategies.

- Investigations and Testing.
- Further work: (inc magnetite aggregate)



Pothole Repair Demand

 $NPR_c = [NPR_{uk} \times 0.89] \times [(TR_c/TR_{uk}) \times (P_c/100) \times (GP_c/GP_{uk}) \times (NP_c/NP_{uk})]$

SYNBOL	PARAMETER
TR_c	Total road network in country
TR_uk	Total road network in UK
P_c	Percentage paved road in country
GP_c	GNI per capita (PPP) (US\$) in country
GP_uk	GNI per capita (PPP) (US\$) in UK
NP_c	Number passenger cars per 1000
	population in country
NP_{uk}	Number passenger cars per 1000
	population in UK
NPR _c	Annual no. pothole repairs in country
NPR_{uk}	Annual no. pothole repairs in UK
NM_c	Number of machines for country
NM_{uk}	Number of machines for UK

ANNUAL ESTIMATES

Pothole repairs: 3m UK & 90m WW*

Annual tonnage asphalt: 108,000 UK & 3,225,000 WW*

[*WW-Europe, America and Canada]



Scope of Pothole Repair R&D

- Fully bonded hot asphalt repairs.
- Repair life same as surrounding pavement.
 - eg basis for 4-5 years contractors warrantee.
- Minimal time and energy repairs.
 - smart heating/new asphalt mixes.
- Any plan shape with common depth range pothole.
 - eg any length with width <0.8m.
- Small format, Al driven heater for single lane closures.
- Quality management based on repair sensor measurements.
- Back to base internet monitoring (GPS, SMS, Email).
- Test facility for all pothole repair equipment and methods.



Current Practice Case Study





Repair 6th Aug 2017

- Rainwater and loose stone brushed out of pothole.
- Hot asphalt fill placed in excavation (105°C).
- Heater placed over fill for approx 5 mins.
- Fill compacted with roller
- Surface temperature measured (125°C)
- Edge sealer applied (gilonsite, mistake?)



Current Practice Case Study





Examination 11th Sept 2018

- 13 months after repair.
- Stones lost on boundary
- Lost fill within repair area



Current Practice Case Study

Possible Reasons for Premature Failure

Practice

- Heat losses during fill delivery.
- Heat loss during patch repair process.
- High moisture content in pot hole.
- Weak perimeter pavement to pot-hole.
- Contaminated fill (mixed with existing).
- Restrained/inadequate heating due lack of control.
- Lack of operator training/understanding.
- No quality/performance measures.
- Low performance requirement (24 months)

Asphalt

- Low thermal conductivity (slow heat penetration).
- High thermal capacity (large heat energy required).
- Minimum bond temperature (softens 75-100°C)
- Combustion risk at 150-200°C



Scientific Basis of Heated Pothole Repair

"By suitably controlled heating it is possible to make pothole repairs in asphalt pavement having similar life expectancy and performance to that of surrounding pavement."

[24 months is the commonly operated current contractual period in pothole repair work.]



Scientific Basis of Heated Pothole Repair

- Pothole repair heating strategies.
- Thermal modelling of repair process.
- Insitu properties of repair pavement.
- Verifying/calibrating thermal model for repair control.
- Influence of heating patterns on repair time and energy.
- Influences of alternative asphalt fill mixes.
- Accelerated life testing methods.



Pothole Repair Heating Strategies

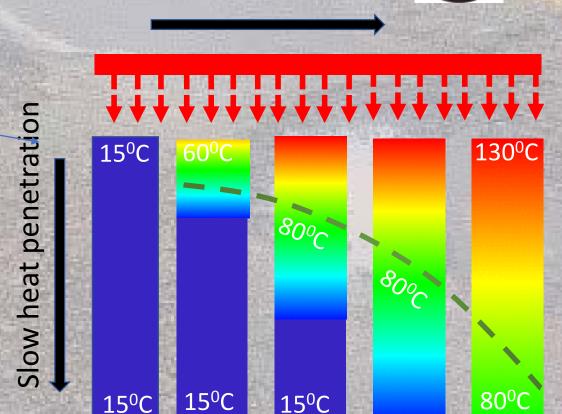
Fill heated in cold pothole (cold oven cake baking)



50-80 mm

Existing Road

Long heating time (many hrs)





Pothole Repair Heating Strategies

Hot fill in cold pothole (heat robbing)



Slow heat transfer across repair interface





Poor bond due to low interface temperatures (hot fill sharing part of its heat with cold pothole).



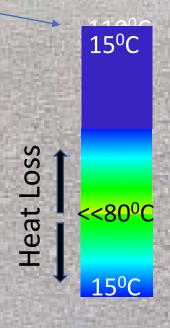
Pothole Repair Heating Strategies Cold fill in pre-heated pothole (heat robbing)



Slow heat transfer across repair interface





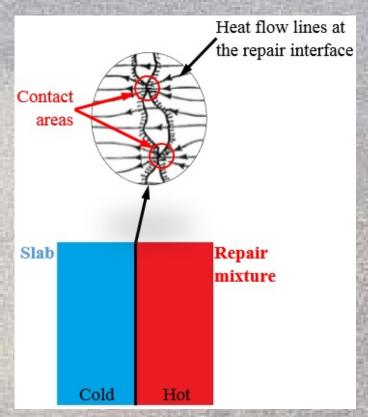


Poor bond due to low interface temperatures (heated pothole sharing part of its heat with cold fill).



Pothole Repair Heating Strategies Why current heating methods are inadequate

Air voids and incomplete contact reduce heat transfer between fill and host pavement (relying partly on weak convection).



Mass A (100°C) adjacent to mass B (20°C) gives temperature substantially less than < 60°C in mass B.

Dynamic pre-heating of pothole improves interface contact, reduces air voids and enhances heat conduction.



Pothole Repair Heating Strategies Why current heating methods are inadequate

- Operators safe surface temperature 120°C-160°C (avoiding fire/explosion risk)
- Asphalt softening at 75°C-100°C necessary for bonding
- Host pavement typically 10°C-25°C
- Heat losses due to climatic conditions (wind/cold) can be very significant
- Asphalt is poor heat conductor.
 - Slow heat penetration/transfer within asphalt mass
- Asphalt has large thermal capacity (specific heat).
 - Raising temperature within asphalt requires substantial heat energy

Above combine to make it impossible to achieve bonding temperatures at the fill/pavement boundaries unless the pothole is pre-heated in a controlled manner.



Pothole Repair Heating Strategies

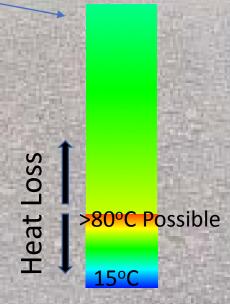
Hot fill placed in pre-heated excavation (heat balancing)



Short normalising time necessary (mins)







Bond assured due to adequate heat energy in repair interface region.



Investigation and Testing

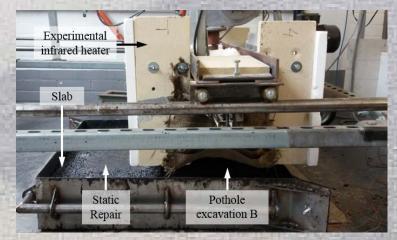
Pavement repair investigation

- Mixes used in investigations
 - Host pavement 20 mm DBM (Dense Bituminous Macadam)
 - Fill material AC 14/6 (Asphalt Concrete).
- Repair depths investigated
 - 45mm (most used), 75mm & 100mm
- Hot fill repair
 - 110°C fill compacted in cold pothole excavation.
- Dynamically heated repair
 - 110°C fill placed in pre-heated pothole excavation.
- Thermal properties
 - Heat conductivity and thermal capacity measure insitu.
- Heating unit
 - Gas powered, static/scanning, variable/programmable power, adjustable offset.

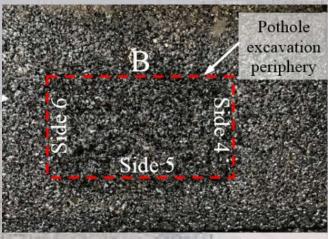


Repair process using heater

Asphalt temperatures continuously recorded



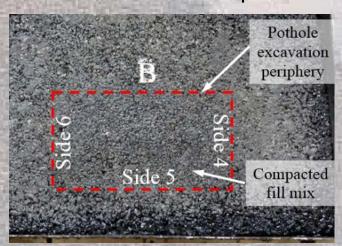
Potholes excavations dynamically pre-heated



Pothole filled with hot asphalt mix (110°C)



Asphalt fill compacted in pothole

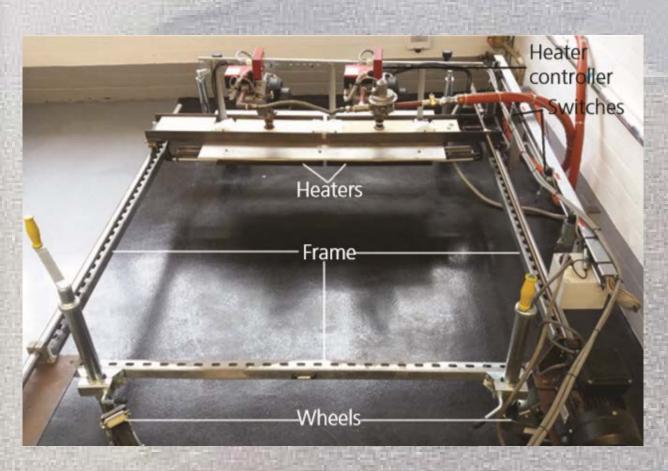


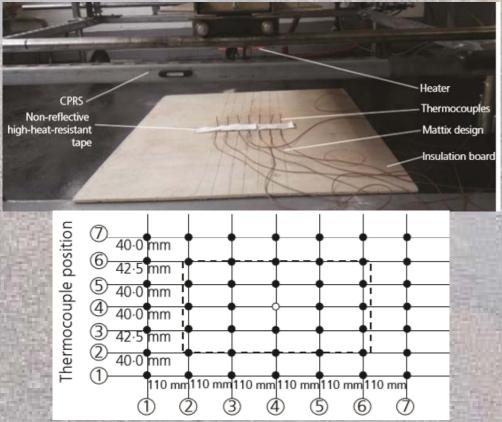
End result (perimeter often undetectable)



Investigation and Testing

Understanding temperature patterns on heated surface.



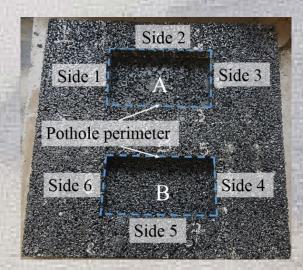


Mobile high precision pothole repair heater.

Repair interface temperature sensor matrix.

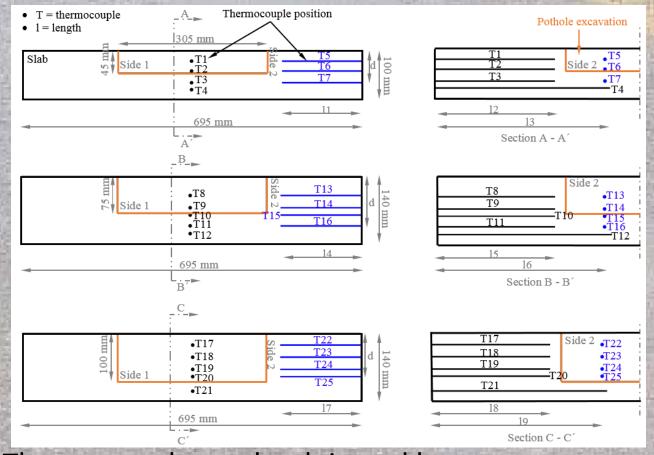


Investigation and Testing Temperature measurement inside repair





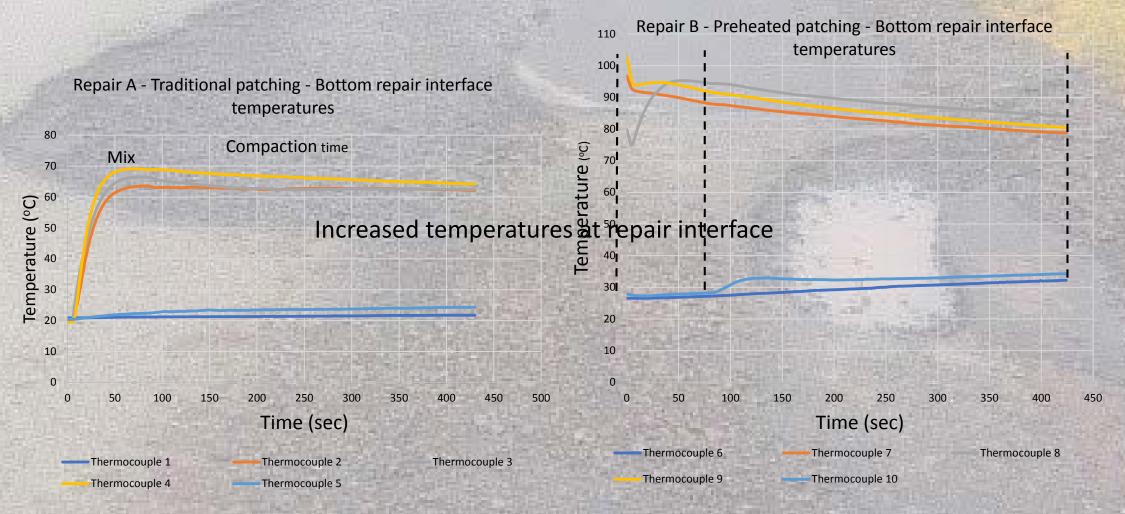
Thermocouples at fill interfaces



Thermocouples at depth in and host pavement.



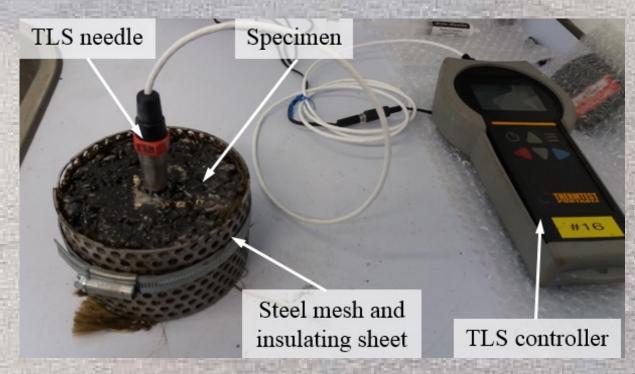
Investigation and Testing Temperature measurement inside repair





Investigation and Testing Insitu thermal properties of asphalt

Average thermal conductivity measured at 19 °C, 65°C and 80°C by insitu test. Gives tri-linear relationship for modelling



Detailed topic:

Properties needed to understand heat power settings.

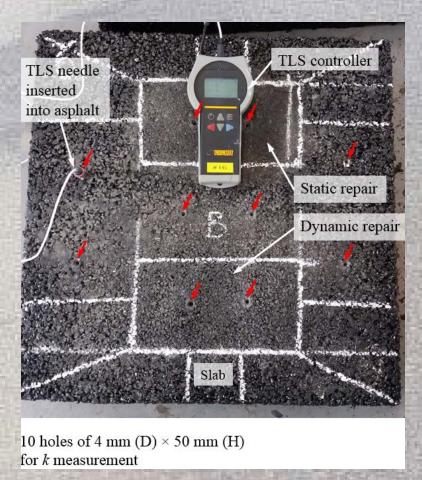
Affected by asphalt mix.

Affected by temperature.

Limited aging effect.



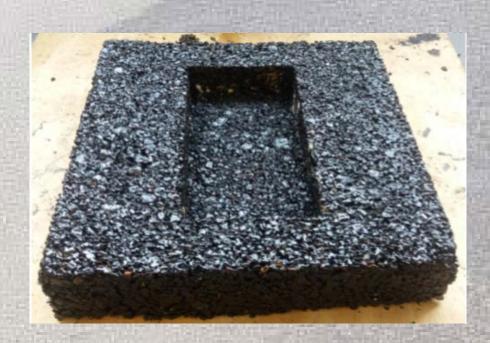
Investigation and Testing Insitu thermal properties of asphalt for control



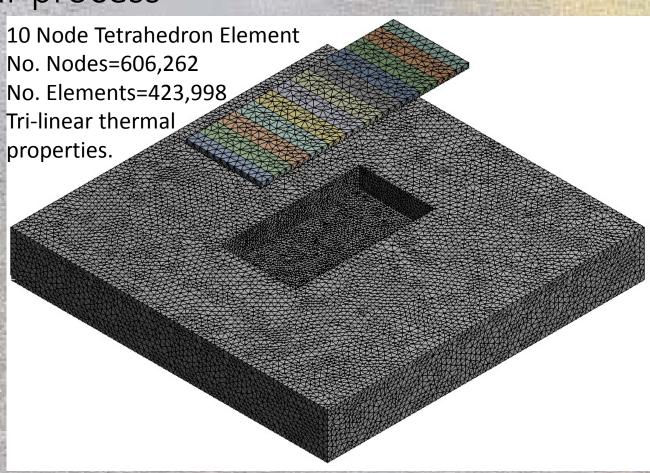
Insitu determination of thermal properties during testing



Investigation and Testing Thermal modelling of repair process



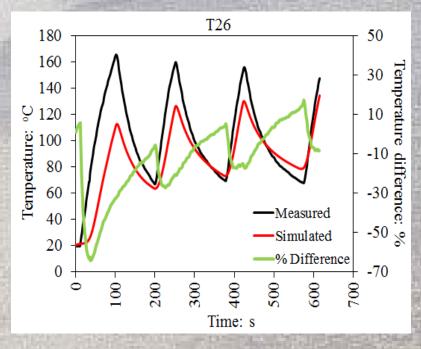
160mm x 300mm repair in 450mm x 450mm pavement sample



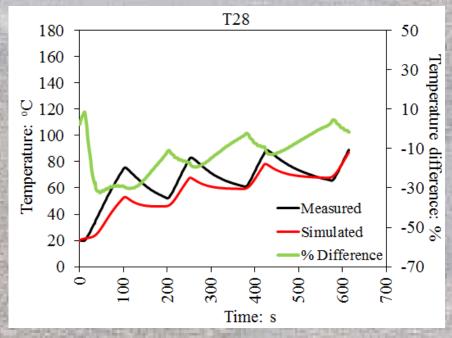
Non-linear dynamic Finite Element thermal model

Investigation and Testing Thormal model of not halo excavation dy

Thermal model of pot-hole excavation dynamic pre-heating



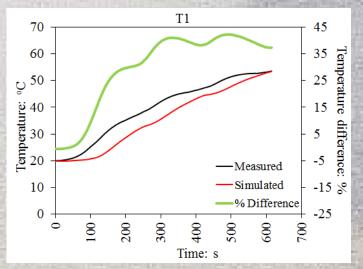
Bottom face of empty pot-hole

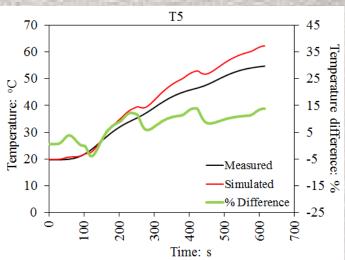


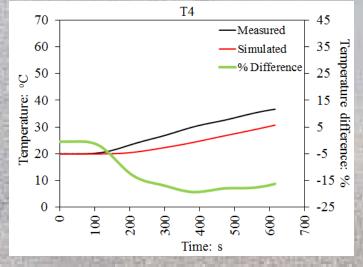
Vertical face of empty pot-hole

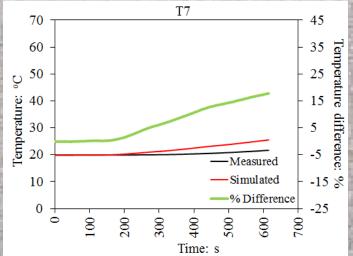


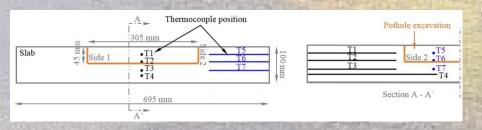
Investigation and Testing Thermal model of pot-hole excavation pre-heating





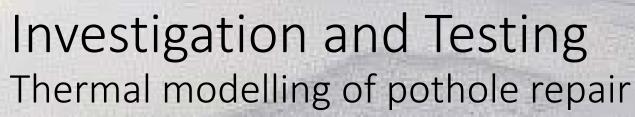


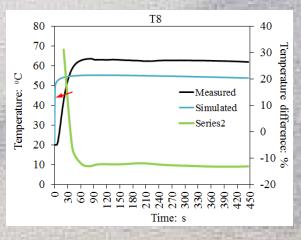




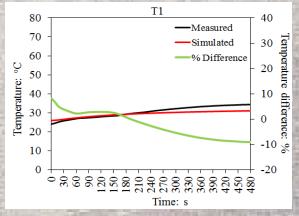
Pre-heating Simulation: internal temperatures of surrounding pavement during pre-heating.

87%-98% average correlation between model (red) and measured (black) temperatures.

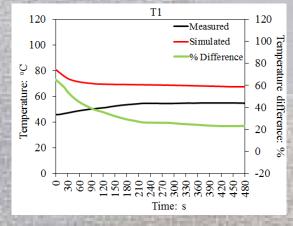




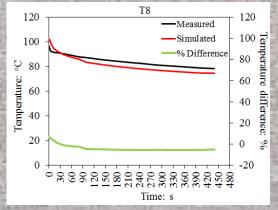
Vertical face: no pre-heating



Top face: no pre-heating

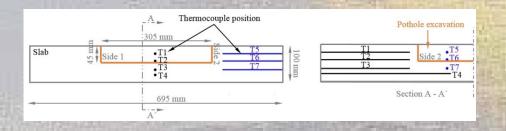


Vertical face: pre-heated



Vertical face: pre-heated

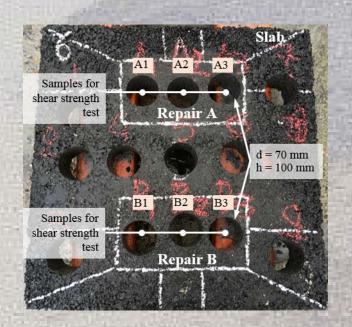


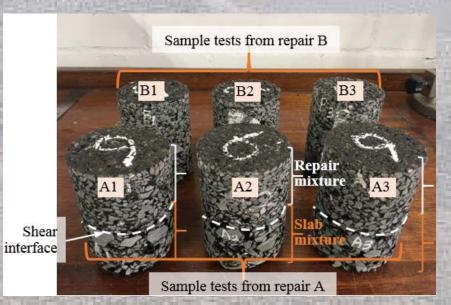


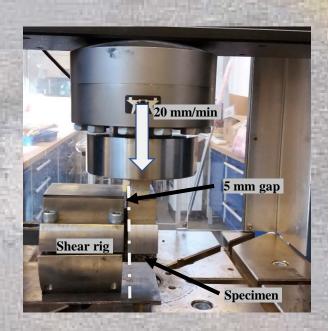
Pre-heating Simulation: internal temperatures of surrounding pavement during repair process.



Investigation and Testing Repair testing: shear bond at bottom of pothole



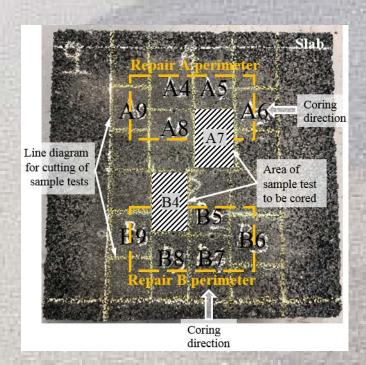




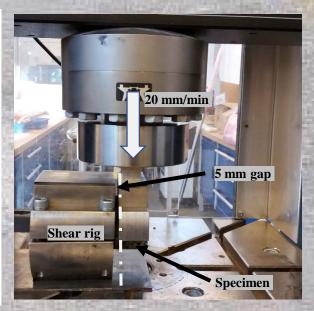
Testing bond of repair fill to base of pothole.



Investigation and Testing Repair testing: shear bond on sides of pothole







Testing bond of repair fill to vertical perimeter of pothole.



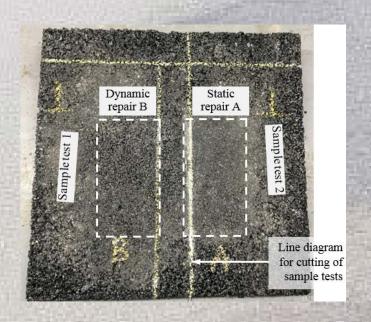
Investigation and Testing Improved shear bond through dynamic heating

Increase in failure shear stresses

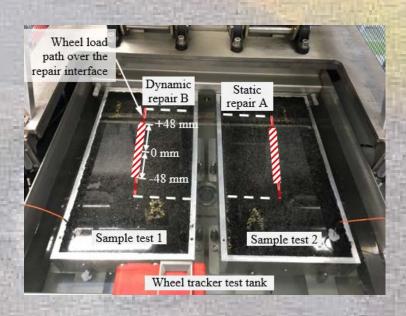
- Average failure shear stress horizontal interface of repair 78.2% higher for 10 mins dynamic pre-heating.
- Average failure shear stress on vertical sides 68.4% for 10mins dynamic preheating and near 100% for 22mins.



Investigation and Testing Repair testing: accelerated life rutting





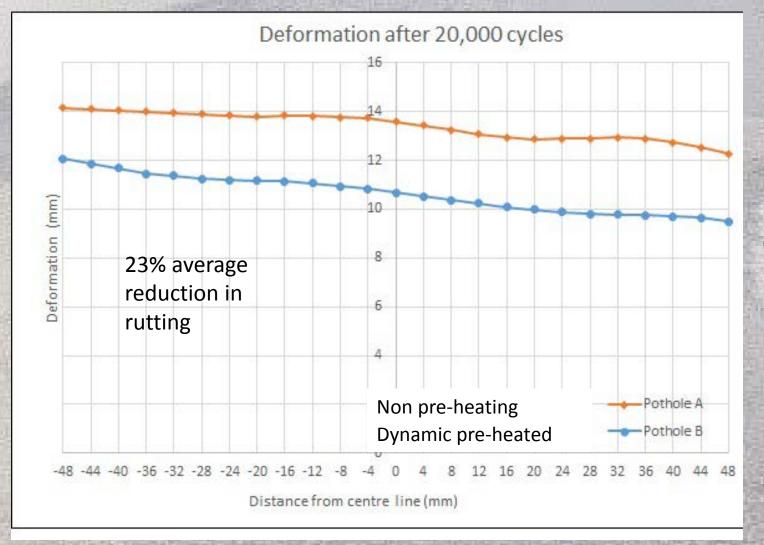


20,000 cycles of twin wheel loading simultaneously applied to assess the affect of preheating the pothole excavation.

Rutting depth measured at 4 mm intervals along 96 mm repair interface (ref AASHTO T324-04)



Investigation and Testing Improved rutting resistance through dynamic heating



Unintentional 60 cycles case: able to remove patch fill from excavation in case of non-pre-heated repair!



Main Outcomes

- 1. Understanding of heat conduction in heated pot-hole repairs.
- 2. Understanding causes of pot-hole repair failures by current practice. Impossible boundary bonding due to low temperatures
- 3. Prediction of repair temperatures using numerical modelling. Agreement between model prediction and actual repair temperatures
- 4. Ability to increased shear strength and rutting resistance
- 5. Insitu determination of thermal properties



Further Work

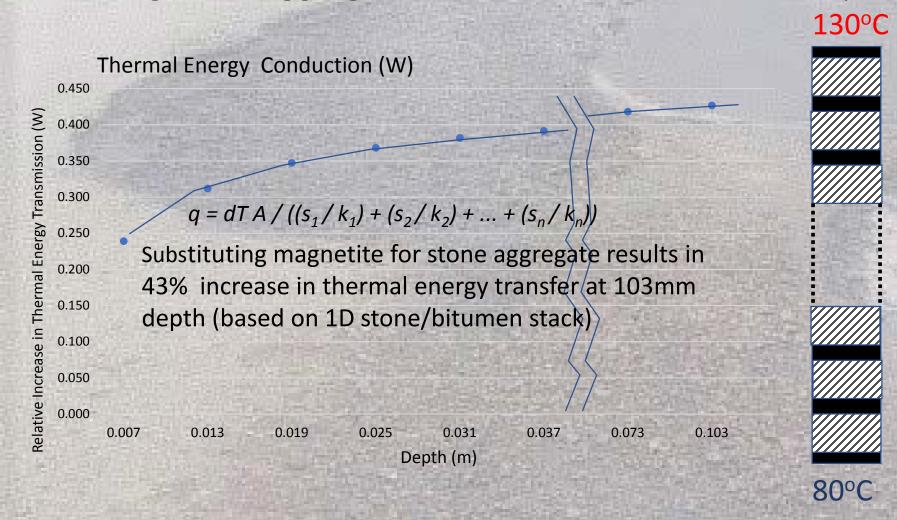
Towards greater value for road operators

- Minimum time/energy repairs
- Realtime performance quantification sensors system
- Realisation of climatically robust, low voltage Epicuro heater
- Site based trials
- Repair system certification facility (performing standard repair task)
- Accredited training for contractors/operatives
- New high conductivity mixes based on magnetite



Further Work

Magnetite aggregate mixes: increased conductivity



Conductivity Values (k) Bitumen 0.17 Asphalt 0.75 Granite 1.30 Magnetite 6.00 Water

Heat Conduction

Thickness Values (s) Bitumen 1mm

0.606

Stone 5mm

Area A 1 sqm dt 130°C-80°C

5mm Stone/Magnetite 1mm Bitumen

Epicuro Ltd 26th Sept 2018 Brunel University



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

Contacting Epicuro Ltd

Charlie McDermott (Commercial Director) charlie@epicuro.co.uk

M:07808760794

T: +44(0) 2071250071

Denis A Chamberlain (Technical Director) denis@epicure.co.uk

M:07808760796

T: +44(0) 1665 576271

Head Office

Epicuro Ltd:

39-40 Albemarle Street

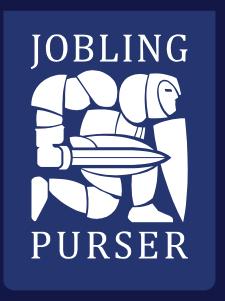
Mayfair

London

W1S 4TE

sales@epicure.co.uk





www.joblingpurser.com

Introduction

Armaphalt – Site mix hot asphalt

Innovative Repair Material

Hayden Davie B.sc (Hons) 07793250771 haydend@joblingpurser.com



Contents

Points we aim to cover

- Who are Jobling Purser
- What is Armaphalt
- Benefits of using Armaphalt
- Process of using Armaphalt
- Demonstrations

Who are Jobling Purser?

We have a long established trading history dating back to the 1830's. We are family owned and operated by the fifth generation of the Jobling Purser family.

We develop and produce a wide range of bituminous and non bituminous based products which are used all around the world.

As specialists in producing highway maintenance solutions we apply our knowledge of bitumen formulating to a wide range of industry applications. Our high quality products make roads safer and play a crucial part in a diverse range of manufacturing sectors.





- Tack Coat
- Bond Coat
- Joint Sealants
- Edge Sealers
- Pre-Coated Chippings
- Delayed Set Macadam
- Bitumen Cleaner
- Rakes
- → Brooms
- White Lines

A wide range of packed bituminous materials & surfacing consumables available from Jobling Purser.

Armaphalt

Site mix hot asphalt

what you want, where you want, when you want.









Armaphalt is used in conjunction with a mobile low volume asphalt heater and can be offered in any material specification required.



Benefits of using Armaphalt





_ No need for asphalt p

KS.

maphalt is available in va C10, AC20, HRA(all varia s can be produced upon night

Most

 Reduction in potential for failures – Having opt temperatures allows for reduction of air void/co

 <u>Recycling</u> – Allows for the addition of recycled non-hazardous RAP or site won material.



Process of using Armaphalt

Prepare your wagon at yard or depot

Load bagged Armaphalt material into mobile low volume asphalt heater

Check temperature of material

Carry out repair

















Transport the materials, crew and tools direct to site

Prepare area for reinstatement

Discharge material from plant into wheelbarrow, or direct to patch Tidy area and head to the next repair



Using Armaphalt



Demonstration Video



Demonstration

For further information with regards to Armaphalt and to arrange a demonstration please get in touch with:

Hayden Davie 07793 250771 haydend@joblingpurser.com

Or for further information about other products we are able to offer please contact either Hayden or a member of the sales team at sales@joblingpurser.com
0191 273 2331



Any Questions?



Armaphalt

Site mix hot asphalt what you want, where you want, when you want.





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Non-Compressive Surface Defect Repairs

Firstly, an apology

Please accept my apologies for not being able to attend today.

Life has an annoying habit of taking you in directions that you don't necessarily expect or plan for.

My contact details are freely available from Mujib Rahman and at the end of this presentation, should you have any further questions

Andrew Price Regional Sales Manager – Preformed Markings Ltd

Who are we?

- Preformed Markings Ltd is a subsidiary of the Geveko Markings group.
- Established in the UK for over 20+ years specializing in preformed thermoplastic road markings, symbols and road safety marking solutions
- Members of the Road Safety Markings Association (RSMA)
- Offices in Byfleet (H.O.), Bury St Edmunds (Suffolk), Runcorn (Cheshire) and Cambuslang (Glasgow)

What are we trying to fix?

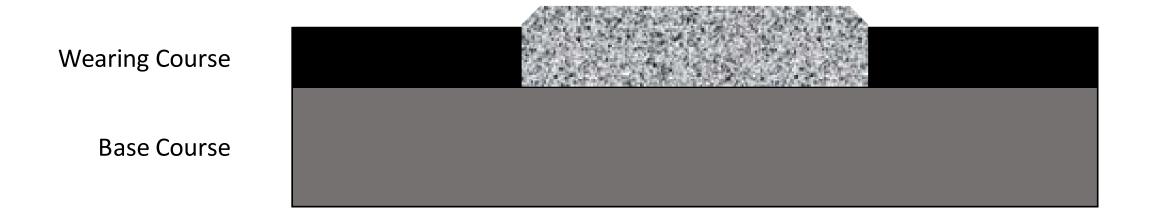
Wearing Course

Base Course

Void or surface defect

Traditional methods

 Hot asphalt or cold applied system of binder and aggregate, initially 'crowned' and compacted to form a level infill



Pro's & Cons of current systems

- Traditional, tried & tested methods
- Contractors generally know what they are doing
- Standard civils equipment and tools required
- Usually fast to install and minimal effect on traffic
- HAPAS has provided a degree of expected success

- Compaction can create new stresses on the sides of the void in the wearing course
- Excessive compaction can cause further delamination of the wearing course to base course
- Operating costs and wear & tear on plant and vehicles
- Risk of water ingress at joints between new & old materials

New Thinking ???

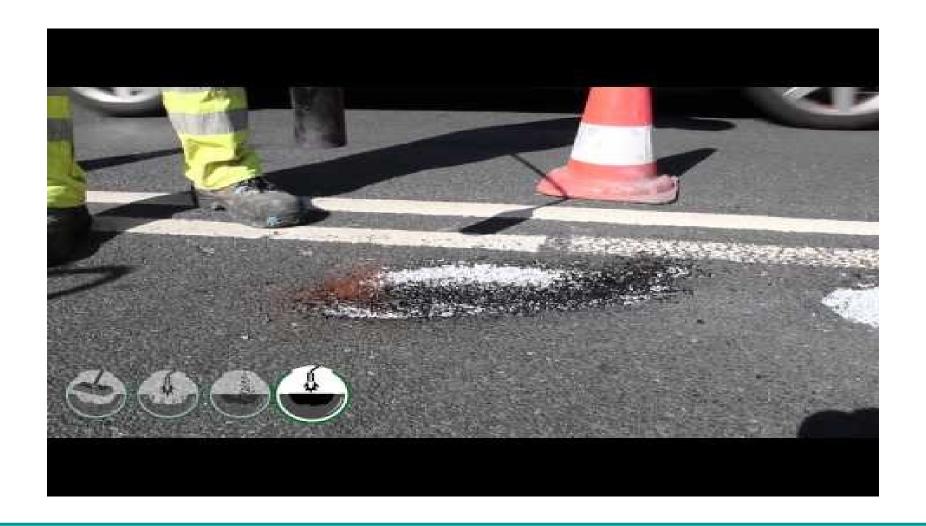
How could we repair the defect without adding in any compressive stress to the opening, plus create a water tight joint between meeting faces (sides and base)?



What is ChipFill®

- ChipFill® is a preformed material containing a fine irregular shaped aggregate and thermoplastic resin binder.
- Manufactured from 'virgin' and recycled waste materials
- Non-toxic
- No waste
- Self levelling No compaction required
- Installed with nothing more than a sweeping brush and a gas lance
- Ready to traffic within 20 minutes of installation
- May be combined with other aggregates to create higher SRV's or decorative finishes.

A short video



Answers before questions

- It is not HAPAS approved Yet!
- Maximum depth for installation is 40-45mm (wearing course) in layers not exceeding 20mm
- The aggregate broadcast at the end of the process was glass grain, but an aggregate can be used, such as bauxite or coated chippings
- No overbanding is required, as a thermal bond between the asphalt and thermoplastic is automatically created during installation
- Once cured, the material solidifies. Strength tests are currently underway
- It is available in the UK. Please contact us for details.

Thank You

Contact

Andrew Price Regional Sales Manager

Preformed Markings Ltd

Unit 6 Oyster Park, Chertsey Road, Byfleet, Surrey, KT14 7AX

Tel: 01932 359270 Mob: 07798 757675

Email: andy@preformedmarkings.co.uk